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The Morning Star.

OUTLINES.

The postoffice at Clemsen College, S. C., was robbed Thursday night. —— Wall street passed through a tight money squeeze yesterday; the price for call loans rose to 20 per cent. —— The Red Men's Grand Council adjourned yesterday sine die. —— Miss Virginia H. Lassiter was fatally injured in a runaway accident at Petersburg, Va. —— Seven persons killed in Indian Territory by inhaling Paris green that had been applied to worm-infested cotton plants. —— The two warships ordered to Panama have sailed for their destination; Commander Rogers, of the Ranger, at Panama, says the situation is serious, but transit across the isthmus is still open. —— The wife of Senator Stewart, of Nevada, was killed at Almeda, Cal., in an automobile accident. —— Forest fires are raging from British Columbia to the California line, causing great destruction of property and loss of many lives. —— The fire in the oil fields at Beaumont, Texas, is reported under control; the damage is variously estimated from $75,000 to $250,000. —— C. A. Woods, of Marion, S. C., has been elected president of South Carolina College. —— New York markets: Money on call was strong at 5@20 per cent., closing offered at 8 per cent.; cotton quiet at 8⅞c; flour fairly active and firm; wheat—spot steady; No. 2 red 76⅝c; corn—spot firm; No. 2, 73c; rosin steady; spirits turpentine steady.

WEATHER REPORT.

U. S. DEP'T OF AGRICULTURE, WEATHER BUREAU, WILMINGTON, N. C., Sept. 12.

Meteorological data for the 24 hours ending 8 P. M.:

Temperatures: 8 A. M., 64 degrees; 8 P. M., 73 degrees; maximum, 80 degrees; minimum, 59 degrees; mean, 69 degrees.

Rainfall for the day, .00; rainfall since 1st of month to date, 2.43.

Stage of water in the Cape Fear river at Fayetteville, N. C., at 8 A. M. Thursday, 4.6 feet.

COTTON REGION BULLETIN.

Rains have fallen in the central and western districts, with heavy local showers in Louisiana and Arkansas. Temperatures are lower this morning in the western sections.

FORECAST FOR TO-DAY.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 12 —For North Carolina: Rain Saturday; cooler in interior; fresh to brisk southeast winds, possibly high in extreme eastern portion; fair Sunday.

Port Almanac--September 13.

Sun Rises	5.40 A. M.
Sun Sets	6.11 P. M.
Day's Length	12 H. 33 M.
High Water at Southport	4.20 A. M.
High Water Wilmington	6.50 A. M.

The indications are that the municipal campaign in Atlanta will be a warm one. The *Journal* informs us that the crematory will be an issue.

According to the official tab 954,000 foreigners visited Rome from January last to June, and it is estimated that they dropped $70,000,000 in that old town.

Some men are never satisfied with what they have or what they can get. Editor Grubb, of Georgia, is hankering for the old time ginger cake his grandmother used to build.

A native Floridian, of the Seminole family, drove into Fort Meyer the other day to do some trading. He piloted eight oxen hitched to a wagon, part of the cargo being 396 alligator hides.

The expenses of New York foot up about $100,000,000 a year, nearly three times as much as it takes to run the State outside of the city. The fellows outside haven't caught on like the burgers.

Those three æronauts who started from Denver for New York in the largest balloon ever constructed, got along pretty well till they got near Pike's Peak, when the balloon got into a difficulty with something and was wrecked.

A French doctor says that people who go to the mountains for their health needn't go. All they have to do is go up in baloons, a mile or so. He says that one hour spent up there is worth six months in the mountains. And it costs less.

When young editor Saunders, of Elizabeth City, refused to pay the fine imposed for smoking a cigarette on the streets, went to jail and refused to let his friends go on a bond to take him out, he showed grit, but we can't say so much for his discretion.

Jack Risdon, who got tired of New Jersey when he was a boy and started for other pastures, meandered around until he finally struck the Klondike, where he struck it rich. He returned a few days ago a millionaire. They were all glad to see him.

NEW AND IMPORTANT ENTERPRISE ORGANIZED.

Shirt and Underwear Manufacturing Establishment Will Soon Begin Operations on Water, Near Grace Street.

Machinery is arriving for a new and important enterprise that will soon begin business in Wilmington—a shirt and underwear manufacturing establishment.

The proprietors are Messrs. E. C. Holt, president, and Mr. J. Walter Williamson, secretary and treasurer of the Delgado Mills, and Mr. Clayton Giles, Jr., a leading young business man of this city. The name of the enterprise is the Sterling Manufacturing Company and with the gentlemen behind it there can be no doubt of its success. It has, of course, ample capitalization and the STAR learns that employment will be given to about 200 women, besides a number of men and boys.

The company will begin business at first over the store of Messrs. C. C. Covington & Co., near Water and Grace streets, and machinery is being placed there now, preparatory to beginning operations.

A charter for the new company will be asked of the Secretary of the State.

LOCAL DOTS.

— A big excursion, which brought mostly colored people, arrived from Goldsboro yesterday and returned last night.

— The city was billed yesterday for "Human Hearts," which comes to the Academy of Music next Thursday night.

— Rev. A. D. McClure, D. D., will preach at Pearsall's school house, East Wilmington, Sabbath afternoon at 4 o'clock.

— Fred Williams, white, was locked up at the station house yesterday afternoon for being drunk and down at Front Street market.

— Sarah Smith and Hattie Mosely, two colored dames of Delgado, were sent to the roads for 30 days each by Justice McGowan. They were charged with indecent exposure.

— Sam Loftin, a colored excursionist from Goldsboro, was arrested yesterday afternoon by Sergeant Ward for drunkenness and disorderly conduct on Front between Market and Dock streets.

— The STAR is informed that Davidson College opened Sept. 4th with the largest attendance in its history. About ninety new men have already registered and the total attendance will exceed two hundred.

— An excursionist who said he was from Laurinburg, N. C., and who had on rather too much "tea," fell overboard from the Cape Fear steamboat wharf last night about 8 o'clock and narrowly escaped drowning.

— Mr. F. T. Mills, the well known horseman on Princess street, has an interesting announcement to the public in the advertising columns to-day. Mr. Mills has as fine a lot of horses as was ever brought here and they are being sold right. Square dealing and courteous treatment is his bid for public patronage.

Will be Sent to South Carolina.

Henry Fullard, the negro youth picked up at Fifth and Castle streets Thursday night for the larceny of a chicken which he carried, and who was subsequently identified by shackles on his ankles as an escaped convict from the Horry county, South Carolina, squad, was not given a preliminary trial on the charge of stealing yesterday, but news of his capture was telegraphed to the South Carolina authorities at Conway by Chief of Police Furlong. An officer will likely come for Fullard in a few days. He says he is a convict in South Carolina for four years.

A Young Vagrant.

Walter McGuire, a 12 year-old negro lad, who has been sleeping about under houses and insolently loitering in the neighborhood of Eleventh and Market streets, was arrested by the police yesterday on a charge of vagrancy. When arraigned in the Mayor's court the boy said he had no parents, no home and was loafing about the streets in the absence of a better place to go to. Later he said he came from the Rocky Point neighborhood. Mayor Waddell sent him to Superintendent Sharin, of the convict camp, who will give him a place to stay until he can get a job.

The Pardon of Tom Rouse.

Regarding the pardon of Thos. B. Rouse, upon which there is much adverse criticism here, Brooke G. Empie, Esq., counsel for Mrs. Phillips whose little girl was struck by the man, says the pardon was secured on a largely signed petition of citizens and the affidavits of the mother and the little girl, who was struck, to the effect that the striking was accidental and that the blow was intended for another. Judge Timberlake also signed the petition, based upon the affidavits of the child and her mother.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Notice—Bids wanted.
F. T. Mills—Horses for sale.
J. W. Plummer—Ice cream.
Farris' Bakery—Cream puffs.
Atlantic National Bank—For rent.

BUSINESS LOCALS.

Horse and Buggy—For sale.
Wanted—Two reliable men.
J. P. Wiggins—Printer wanted.
Wanted—Room to store furniture.

HEARD ABLE EFFORTS

Chamber of Commerce Addressed by Distinguished Speakers at Beach Last Night.

SUPPER AT THE SEASHORE.

Wilmington's Principal Business Organization Enjoyed a Season of Delightful Social Entertainment—The Meeting Well Attended.

There was an wholesale exodus of merchants and other business men to Wrightsville Beach last night, the occasion having been the first of a series of annual social entertainments to be given in the future by and under the auspices of the Chamber of Commerce.

There were between 50 and 75 persons in the party, representing almost every branch of business and industry in the city, and they went down on a special car of the Consolidated Railways, Light and Power Co., which landed them all safely at the Seashore Hotel in less than 40 minutes after leaving Wilmington. The weather was all that could be desired and the party returned to the city a little before midnight, enthusiastic over the hospitable manner in which they were entertained by Manager Hinton, of the hotel, delighted with the speeches of the distinguished gentlemen who were invited, and grateful to President Chadbourn and the executive council of the Chamber, by whom the idea of such an entertainment was conceived and so successfully carried out.

Those who composed the party were President James H. Chadbourn, Secretary James Kyle, Master Theodore Kingsbury, the bright young clerk in the Exchange, and Messrs. W. L. Latta, J. S. Hooper, J. W. Yates, R. A. Parsley, A. P. Adrian, F. E. Hashagen, L. H. Burnett, W. A. French, W. J. Clemmons, W. C. Smith, J. A. Orrell, Andrew Moreland, Sol Bear, Washington Catlett, J. M. Catlett, W. E. Perdew, Ed Schulken, J. N. Jacobi, P. Q. Moore, John Frank, D. D. Huhn, C. H. Robinson, H. G. Smallbones, G. J. Boney, W. A. Johnson, W. L. Smith, T. S. McManus, J. H. Therrell, O. H. Wright, J. K. Corbett, J. H. Bunting, W. E. Worth, J. A. Taylor, J. A. Arringdale, W. A. Caldwell, S. F. Craig, W. R. Summerson, B. F. Keith, Charles J. Mitchell W. P. Oldham, J. L. Pinner, J. T. King, L. B. Rogers, S. P. Adams, R. H. Pickett, Geo. W. Brunson, Jr., S. P. McNair, Samuel Northrop, A. H. Zoeller, W. F. Wolfe, Benj. Bell, D. McEachern, A. B. McNair, F. A. Lord, C. O. McNair, Thos. P. Bagley, E. D. Sloan, D. C. Love, T. W. Clawson, G. S. Hill, E. L. Heinsberger, J. A. Farley, B. F. Hall, Louis B. Hall, A. D. Skelding, Dr. W. C. Galloway, Col. F. W. Kerchner, Col. F. W. Foster, Capt. James I. Metts, Hon. A. M. Waddell and Hon. Jno. D. Bellamy.

Upon arrival at the hotel the guests wer promptly ushered into the spacious dining rooms of the hostlery where Manager Hinton had a most tempting menu of sea delicacies for the refreshmeut of the inner man. It was as follows:

Pickles, Olives,
Pig Fish, French Fried Potatoes,
Soft Crabs, Sliced Tomatoes,
Clam Fritters, Panned Oysters,
Deviled Crabs,
Shrimp, Crab Salad,
Corn Bread, Biscuits, Hot Rolls,
Iced Tea, Coffee.

Mr. C. H. Robinson was master of ceremonies and presided with ease and dignity. He had the pleasant duty after the banquet of introducing the two distinguished speakers of the evening—Col. A. M. Waddell and Hon. Jno. D. Bellamy, both of whom responded in able efforts which were given strictest attention and the most sincere applause.

Upon the conclusion of their excellent speeches Mr. Robinson and President Chadbourn took occasion to thank them for their kindness in honoring the Chamber with their presence upon the occasion and their splendid addresses upon the topics suggested.

Col. Waddell's Speech.

Col. A. M. Waddell, mayor of the city, was the first speaker and he was presented in very complimentary terms by Mr. Robinson. Col. Waddell said:

Mr. President and Gentlemen of the Chamber of Commerce:

I cordially congratulate you upon the new departure which you have made in inauguratiug a series of annual entertainments of which this most pleasant one is the first, and I felicitate myself upon the honor of being one of your guests this evening. It was a happy thought that suggested such an annual social gathering of the business men of Wilmington, and, unless I greatly mistake its purport, it will result in benefits, social and material, to the city which we are proud to call our home. There has been too little of this sort of thing among the business and professional men of Wilmington, and I hail this movement with sincere satisfaction, as a wise and most agreeable method of advancing the best interests of the community.

Before receiving your invitation yesterday I saw in the morning papers that I had accepted it, and would speak here on the subject of municipal government. Although it was news to me I will accept the suggestion, and make a few remarks on that subject, and I do so for two reasons—first, because it is one upon which I am somewhat informed by reading and by practical experience, and second, because it is one in which you, as the intelligent business men of a growing city, are necessarily largely interested.

It is safe to say that among writers on political science it is now an accepted doctrine that the most important department of civil government is that of municipalities. This conviction has been forced upon them by the multiplication of such subordinate governments, and the consequent influence they exert upon the general public interests. In the earlier history of the South this influence was very slight, because the bulk of the population was rural and agricultural. The cities and larger towns were few, and the villages had no organized government worthy of the name.

The counties were generally the units of government, and, in States like North Carolina, the county courts were the administrators of public affairs. But a great change has taken place, and the tendency for the last thirty years, or more, has been steadily towards an increase of urban and a decrease of rural population. With this increase of the population of the towns and cities in the South has come the necessity for wider and more varied legislation, State and municipal—such as has been enacted in more populous States of the country where cities and large towns are numerous. We are, therefore, beginning to realize the conditions with which those States and the older countries of the world have long been familiar, and which have compelled the publicists and writers to whom I have referred to recognize the fact that municipal government in any country is a matter of the first importance, because it is nearer to the people and touches them at every point more closely than any other. Such being the case it of necessity follows that these governments should be entrusted only to the hands of honest and well informed citizens.

The municipal scandals that have disgraced this country in the eyes of the civilized world are directly traceable to the neglect and indifference of the people of those municipalities in regard to the character and intelligence of their municipal officers, and wherever this neglect and indifference exists similar results may be expected. "Do men gather grapes of thorns, or figs of thistles?"

How can an intelligent community justify itself when it permits its government, either voluntarily or through indifference, to fall into the hands of incompetent or corrupt men, or (still worse) into the hands of incompetent *and* corrupt men?

This matter of municipal government, because it has so grown in importance, is more and more attracting the attention not only of writers on such subjects, but of thoughtful people everywhere.

One of the evidences of this truth may be found in the fact that in the larger towns and cities men of the highest character and capacity esteem it an honor to participate in their government. When that estimate of the dignity of such service shall become a common one the municipal governments of the country will have attained the position in our complex system to which their importance to the people justly entitles them. One of the chief causes of failure in municipal administration—aside from any question of corruption or incompetency in officials—is careless legislation in acts incorporating towns and cities, or legislation of a partial and temporary kind.

This is well illustrated in the charter of our own city, which consists of a series of acts passed during the last one hundred and fifty years, many of which have been partly repealed and nearly all of which have been amended from time to time, as experience developed the necessity for it, and the result of this constant tinkering has been to produce doubt and confusion as to matters which ought to be clear and well defined. The plain remedy for this is a carefully prepared and closely considered consolidated act, covering the whole field of municipal administration. Such an act, although it was not perfect, was passed by the last Legislature, but it was practically nullified by the requirement that its 113 sections should first be submitted to a popular vote, and if approved should then become a law. Of course these comments upon careless, or ill advised State legislation are applicable in a still greater degree to legislation by the municipal corrporations themselves. The multiplicity of ordinances, and the unskillful drafting of them in many cases, are sometimes the source of much trouble and litigation which might easily be avoided.

Now, I find myself about to violate the assurance given a few minutes ago that my remarks should be very brief. The subject upon which I have touched is a very prolific one, and the temptation to enlarge upon it is great, but this is not the time or place to do that, and I will not occupy more of your time in discussing it.

I want to say, however, before taking my seat that you gentlemen of the Chamber of Commerce ought to be, and doubtless are, better informed in regard to the commercial interests and the growth of business in Wilmington than any other class of citizens, and, therefore, can take a more intelligent pride in them, and do more to make them known to the outside world than others. There certainly is reason for all of us to feel greatly encouraged by the prospect ahead of our city.

It would be almost an impertinence in me to speak to you on that subject. I can only rejoice with you over the wonderful transformation that has taken place in our city in the last few years, socially, morally, and industrially, and to unite with you in thanks for the spirit which, under a kind Providence, has been able to accomplish this very great change for the better in our affairs.

Congressman Bellamy's Address.

Hon. John D. Bellamy, member of Congress from the Sixth District, was introduced and he responded in an able address upon "Congressional Government."

Mr. Bellamy began by saying, that by Congressional Government in its technical sense is meant not government by the House of Representatives alone, but government by both the House of Representatives and the Senate, as they, under the constitution, constitute the Congress of the United States. Yet when we treat of Congressional Government in its ordinary sense, said the speaker, the mind is at once directed to the doings of the lower branch of Congress and it is of the making and passage of laws by that body that he said he was called upon by the Chamber to speak during the evening. He said further, that when the constitution of the United States was first adopted, the population of the Union was a little less than two million and that the whole number of representatives apportioned among the States was only 65 or one member for every 30,000 inhabitant. The population of the country increased rapidly, however, until the 11th census, when it amounted to sixty-two millions of inhabitants and nearly seventy-five millions at the 12th census. The membership of the House increased proportionately, to 356 members by the apportionment of 1890, and to 386 by the apportionment of 1900. Continuing, he said rules were a necessity for the transaction of business by such a large body, as without them it would soon become a disorderly mob; that Mr. Jefferson prepared for the use of Congress what is known as Jefferson's Parliamentary Practice, and Mr. Bellamy declared that rules were the only weapons by which the minority could defend themselves against the attempts of the majority to pass any unjust measures. He quoted from Mr. Onslow, one of the ablest speakers of the English House of Commons, that such rules operated as a check and control on the actions of the majority and that they were in many instances a shelter and protection to the minority against the attempts of power; that the rules that were first adopted were adequately adapted to a small body of 65 members, but when the nation increased in wealth and population and in a multitude of varied industries, the membership of Congress increasing to 356, with resolutions and bills in a single Congress amounting to nearly 3,000, it made the transaction of business under such circumstances and such rules next to impossible. It then became necessary to adopt regulations which shortened speech-making, systematized and distributed legislative business and culled out from the great mass of matter the most important bills for consideration by the House, and thus was evolved a code or system of parliamentary procedure, which kept pace with the progress of the times and makes it possible to transact legislative business just as expeditiously as steam and electricity facilitates and quickens the methods of conducting business in the ordinary vocations of life at present. That were it not for the committee, called the "Committee on Rules," with their rights and duties, that Congress could not transact any business. He said that he believed that the present system of rules was the best that have ever been devised for the rapid dispatch of business, and that he doubted if his party, the Democratic, were restored to power, whether they would change in any material respects the present rules.

He then went on to describe how the rules operated in detail and how business was conducted before the committees, and how important it was for a member to secure a good committee appointment, which was always made according to the length of service of the member.

Having described the operation of the rules and their effect on legislation, he next discussed the subjects of government by Congress; the government of States and the government of the territories or colonies. He said that up to the time of the war with Spain no one dissented from the construction that the constitution of the United States extended over every inch of territory in the Union. That the constitution was not only the supreme law of the States composing the Union but by its terms, the supreme law of the land, supreme over every branch and department of the government; supreme over every one exercising authority under the government; supreme over every other law, order or regulation, and supreme over all the people wherever they may be within its jurisdiction; and so long as the constitution exists absolute and arbitrary power over the lives, liberties or property of the people can be exercised no where in this Republic.

The Republican party for the first time took the position that the constitution applied only to the original thirteen States, which primarily composed the Union and such other States as might hereafter be admitted into the Union and that the limitations and restrictions upon the exercise of powed by Congress were not applicable anr controlling when governing territories and colonies and this issue would have been the gauge of battle between the two great parties had not the Supreme Court of the United States practically settled the question by its decisions in what are known as the insular cases. That while he believed that the decisions of the Supreme Court were in conflict with what was the intention of the framers of the constitution and what he conceived to be the true theory and spirit of a republican form of government, he believed the matter was settled by said decisions until the creed of a majority of the Supreme Court judges changes by death or otherwise. That Justice Harlan, one of the oldest and most distinguished of the judges of the Supreme Court, proclaimed in his dissenting opinion against the position of Justice Brown and a majority of the court, that their decision made a radical and mischievous change in our system of government and gave Congress the powers of "legislative absoluteism;" that the effect of those decisions was to give to Congress the right to control the territories and insular possessions of the government without any constitutional restraint whatever, and that Congress is only restricted by the laws of nature and humanity. The speaker said he believed the newly acquired power of Congress would be exerted only in accord with the true principles of a republican government, yet he was sufficiently pessimistic to believe that at some future time under changed conditions, with the undue growth of the commercial spirit and the ever increasing greed for money, that patriotism may decline and that a Congress, uncontrolled by a constitution of well defined and limited powers may display the character of a Shylock and lured by avarice oppress as a nation its own dependencies and bring down upon this fair Republic the avenging Nemesis, the retributive justice of revolt, rebellion and ruin; that local self-government and freedom of trade has been the corner-stone on which England has reared the fabric of the most satisfactory colonial system the world has ever seen. Local self-government is ingrained in the nature of every true American citizen. Freedom of trade produces friendship with all nations; that Congress must adopt these principles in its dealing with its possessions is a duty that it owes to the Christian people who dominate the American Republic.

Organizing a Knitting Mill.

Mr. James M. Catlett, a cousin of Wilmington's esteemed citizen, Prof. Washington Catlett, is in the city representing the Nye Tredick Co., 606 Arch street, Philadelphia, manufacturers of rib knitting machinery. Mr. Catlett came to Wilmington to confer with a number of gentlemen who are organizing a company for the operation of a knitting mill on a large scale. At present the enterprise is in an embryonic state but definite announcement of the company's plans will perhaps be forthcoming in a few days.

Y. M. C. A. Men's Meetiug.

The men's meeting at the Y. M. C. A. will be addressed by Rev. C. W. Kegley, who will speak on that important topic: "Young Man, I say to thee, Arise." Mr. Kegley is known as a strong speaker to men and his address is sure to attract a large number to hear him. The meeting will begin at 5 P. M. Previous to the address there will be a 15 minute song service, conducted by Mr. Dushan. The meetings are free and are open to all men.

ACTIVITY IN COTTON.

Decline in Prices Brought Corresponding Falling Off in the Receipts Yesterday.

THE WILMINGTON COMPRESS.

Reported That It Is Being Operated for Messrs. Sprunt & Son—Schooner in Distress—Naval Stores Week. Negro Deck Hand Drowned.

Cotton receipts yesterday showed the slight falling off that was expected to follow the the decline in prices. This far growers have manifested a perfect willingness to dispose of their staple as fast as it was gathered and could he hustled to market, as long as the account of sales showed up above the eight cents mark for all grades, but as soon as the market took a tumble, the falling off in receipts was noticeable, only 1,860 bales having reached the market yesterday as compared with the thousands that have been piling in here each day since Sept. 1st. The stock report posted yesterday on the boards of the Exchange shows receipts the past fiscal week of 15,492 bales against only 1,180 bales the same week last year, and 22,933 bales since Sept. 1st as compared with only 1,258 bales during the corresponding period in 1901.

The STAR a few days ago quoted a man well informed about wharf affairs as of the opinion that Messrs. Alexander Sprunt & Son would handle this year 100,000 bales more cotton than they have ever handled in a season before. That prediction appears to be borne out by a semi authoritative announcement yesterday that the upper or Wilmington Compress would be operated for Messrs. Sprunt & Son this season. Previously Mr. J. H Sloan received the greater portion of the output of this compress but since his removal to Spartanburg, S. C., and the closing of his office here the big plant will go to Messrs. Sprunt & Son, perhaps the largest and certainly the most enterprising cotton exporters in the South.

The schooner *Stephen D. Loud*, 463 tons, Capt. Barter, lumber laden from Satilla River, Ga., Sept. 3rd. to Boston, arrived at the Cape Fear quarantine station yesterday at 1:40 P. M., with several of the crew sick and the vessel leaking slightly. The *Loud* passed out to sea at Brunswick last Saturday and encountered very heavy weather. She is owned at Waldoboro Maine, where she was built in 1882.

The naval stores week closed yesterday shows receipts as follows: Spirits, 313; rosin, 883; tar, 545; crude, 303; compared with the same week last year: Spirits, 407; rosin, 1,480; tar, 1,444; crude, 493. The crop year receipts to date shows a falling off in all items except spirits and crude, in which there is a slight increase.

A Wilmington negro deck hand named Allen, employed on the steamer *Chas. M. Whitlock*, fell overboard as he turned loose a line of the steamer at the first bridge this side of Town Creek Wednesday, and he was drowned before aid could reach him. There was a strong current in the river and the negro never came up a second time.

The schooner *Clara A. Donnell*, Capt. Jamieson, laden with cross ties for New York, and the British steamer *Torgorm*, Capt. Halliday, hence for Glasgow, Scotland, with cargo of gum timber, passed out at Southport at 6:30 P. M. Thursday.

The steamer *Hawes* was the first of the river steamboats to reach the city after the long siege with low water above Elizabethtown. The *Highland* and *Hurt* went on to Fayetteville, but are expected to reach here to day.

The schooner *Emily F. Northam*, Capt. Pennewell, hence for New York, lumber laden, passed out at Southport at noon yesterday.

Speed of Trolley Cars.

Complaint by a number of citizens that trolley cars are run by their houses at such a high rate of speed that the jar is unpleasant, has led the company operating them to issue an order regulating the speed to 25 seconds to the block in certain sections, going down grade. The company is also rapidly consolidating the poles of the old gas light company and street railway company, so that about half the large number now on the streets will be dispensed with. The five arc lights now on Front street between Orange and Chesnut will be swung from an ornamental mast arm instead of span wires.

Oysters are Coming In.

The first open oysters of the season were on the market yesterday from Myrtle Grove Sound and they sold in a hurry at 25 cents a quart. From now on the delectable bivalves will will begin to come in larger quantity and better quality and the average inhabitant will not lament the day. To quote an eminent authority, who is credited with having devoured at a single roast three bushels of the favorite diet: "The festive stew and the luscious half-shell and the tantalizing roast will all be in abundance this Winter."

— Mr. Hoss called on the Hoss Editor yesterday and the horse play they indulged in was "a caution." B. O. S.—he of the stony heart—accompanied the Hoss, and it was unanimously decided that B. O. would climb Mt. Pelee during the carnival. On this occasion reserved seats will be provided for the Autumn girls.

TAMPERED WITH "BLACK MARIA."

Tap Taken from One of the Wheels and Disorder Resulted Therefrom.

Some one has been tampering with the "Black Maria."

Now, if you want to make the officers at the police station mad just say something detrimental to, or do something damaging to the "Maria." They regard it as a "thing of beauty and a joy forever," and any one of them is willing to take off his blue coat and "scrap" for it, if need be. Yesterday, or the night before, some one went to the house where the wagon is kept at the rear of the City Hall and removed one of the taps from a front wheel. Accordingly when an order came from the Front street market for the vehicle yesterday afternoon it went out in post haste, with Hall Officer Howell driving and Policemen Wood and Leon and Frank George aboard. They had gone down to Front street and towards the market as far as in front of Solomon's Shoe Store, when all at once the loose wheel flew off, the officers were tumbled to the ground in confusion and the horse attached to the wagon was kept from running away with great effort.

A new tap for the wheel was, however, soon bought and the patrol is now "able to be up and about again." But the officers—they have sworn vengeance against the perpetrator of the joke.

AN EXCURSIONIST KILLED.

Mysterious Death of a Young White Man on Dillon Excursion Thursday.

Yesterday afternoon's Florence *Times* says:

"There is a mysterious case of a killing near Dillon last night, the particulars of which are hard to get. W. J. Turbeville, a young man 22 years of age, was the victim. Whether he was killed by the train or by foul means is doubtful. Turbeville was a passenger on an excursion train from Rowland to Wilmington yesterday. He had, so it is said, been drinking. He got off of the train at Hamar and nothing more was heard of him until the train, after discharging its passengers at Rowland, returning to Florence at about 11 o'clock, struck the body between Hamer and Dillon. Engineer Kennedy and Conductor Cole went out to look after it and found the body then cold, so it was impossible for him to have been killed by the returning train and equally impossible for him to have been struck and killed by the train as he got off of it.

"To add to the mystery of the matter there was a knife said to have been found lying on the ground not far from where the body lay, which leads some people to think that the boy had been killed and his body put on the track so that the appearance might be that the train killed him."

PERSONAL PARAGRAPHS.

— Mrs. E. A. Oliva left yesterday for Currie, N. C., to visit friends and relatives.

— Mr. and Mrs. George R. French are spending some time at Buffalo Lithia Springs.

— Rev. L. B. Boney left yesterday evening for Warsaw. He will preach Saturday and Sunday at Teachey's.

— Mrs. George Heyer and Miss P. Ziblin returned yesterday from a delightful sojourn of two weeks at Jackson Springs.

— Editor J. P. Wiggins, of the Laurinburg *Exchange*, accompanied by his wife, is in the city, en route to Whiteville, N. C., where they will visit for some time.

— Mr. H. DeLeon Southerland, who is now with the Virginia-Carolina Chemical Co., at Albany, Ga., has returned home after a brief visit to friends and relatives here.

What's Wrong With The Lights?

The arc lamp at Front and Chesnut streets was not burning for a gerater portion of last night and the lamp at Water and Princess streets has burned scarcely none the past two nights. Inquiry at the police station revealed the information that no systematic report of the lights that are out are now kept for the reason that blanks are not furnished. The arc lamps at Third and Market and Fourth and Princess streets burned only a portion of Thursday night.

MURDER TRIAL AT TARBORO.

E. L. Breedlove Found Not Guilty of the Murder of a Negro.

[*Special Star Telegram.*]

TARBORO, N. C., September 12.—The jury in the case of E. L. Breedlove, charged with killing the negro Elijah Lancaster, at Lancaster, in this county, last January, returned a verdict of not guilty to-day, after being out only twenty minutes.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

NOTICE.

The misunderstanding which arose between F. H. Holladay and the Hall Tie and Lumber Co. has been fully adjusted and satisfactorily arranged. The said F. H. Holladay will take charge of the Hall Tie and Lumber Co.'s business and conduct same as in former manner. All parties wishing any information as to the Hall Tie and Lumber Co. business will call at 223 Water street, Wilmington, N. C.

HALL TIE AND LUMBER CO.,
By J. W. Hall, President and Treasurer.
sep 10 6t

Printer Wanted.

Wanted, a first class compositor who has had experience on a daily morning paper. Must have good recommendations as to habits and qualifications.

Apply at, or address the
sep 7 tf MORNING STAR.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Fresh Ground Cocoanut

15 Cents Per Quart,

Remember you only have a short time to buy

Ice Cream,

And when you place your order for Sunday let me serve you, as I have the best.

1.00 Per Gallon.

J. W. PLUMMER, Jr.
sep 13 1t

Horses for Sale.

I have just returned with two car loads of extra North Carolina and Virginia raised Horses, several mated teams and city broken, and they are for sale as CHEAP as they can be bought on any market. I am also receiving

BUGGIES AND HARNESS

every day. You will find me at the same old stand, Second and Princess street. Prices right. I solicit your patronage. Quick sales, small profits my motto.

F. T. MILLS.
sep 13 2t

Fancy New Catch Mullets.

Ask for prices until a shipment just received is closed out.

Salted meat at 11 cents don't compare in economy with new fresh fish at present prices.

Vollers & Hashagen,

Agents for the celebrated

NIXON FISHERIES.
an 28 tf

Cream Puffs

15 Cents Dozen at

FARRIS'

BAKERY.

HOT BREAD AND ROLLS

EVERY EVENING.

sep 33 tf 15 and 17 South Second street.

Fancy Peaches,

PEARS, GRAPES,

Pineapples,

Oranges and Bananas.

E. WARREN & SON.
sep 6 tf

Fruit Trees For Sale!

For sale at less than net catalogue prices about

1,000 FRUIT TREES.

From the leading Nursery in North Carolina. Will be sold in one lot, or in two lots of about 500 each.

Selections to be made from latest catalogue. Address,

"BARGAIN,"
Care THE MORNING STAR,
Wilmington, N. C.
sep 2 D&W tf

Bids Wanted.

Sealed proposals for laying and constructing one block of six inch cast iron water main on South Sixth street, between Church and Castle streets; one six inch gate valve and one standard double nozzle fire hydrant to be connected thereto.

Bids close 12 M., Thursday, September 18th.

Bids received by
C. L. SPENCER, Chairman,
Cor. Fourth and Campbell Sts.
sep 13 2t sa wo

The Morning Star.

BY WILLIAM H. BERNARD

WILMINGTON, N. C.

SATURDAY MORNING, SEPT. 13.

DEMOCRATIC TICKET.

For Congress—Sixth District,
GILBERT B. PATTERSON,
of Robeson.
For Chief Justice of Supreme Court,
WALTER CLARK,
of Wake.
For Associate Justices,
HENRY GROVES CONNOR,
of Wilson.
PLATT D. WALKER.
of Mecklenburg.

Superior Court Judges:

Second District—R. B. Peebles, of Northampton.
Fourth District—C. M. Cooke, of Franklin.
Sixth District—W. R. Allen, of Wayne.
Eighth District—W. H. Neal, of Scotland.
Tenth District—B. F. Long, of Iredell.
Eleventh District—E. B. Jones, of Forsyth.
Thirteenth District—W. B. Council, of Watauga.
Fourteenth District—M. H. Justice, of Rutherford.
Fifteenth District—Frederick Moore, of Buncombe.
Sixteenth District—G. S. Ferguson, of Haywood.

For Solicitor:

Fifth District—Rodolph Duffy, of Onslow.
Seventh District—C. C. Lyon, of Bladen.

For Corporation Commissioner,
EUGENE C. BEDDINGFIELD.
of Wake.
For Supt. of Public Instruction,
JAMES Y. JOYNER,
of Guilford.

BOOSTING ANNEXATION.

A Washington telegram several days ago stated that Haiti had become a subject of discussion in official circles, where the opinion was gaining ground that annexation might become a matter of necessity to end the lawlessness and the civil strife in that so-called republic and give something like protection and security to people of other countries temporarily or permanently residing there. There seems to be some foundation for that telegram, for some of the Republican organs are beginning to throw out feelers and to justify in advance annexation if that should be decided upon. The Philadelphia *Press* stands pretty close to the administration, which makes the following editorial more than ordinarily significant. It characterizes Haiti as a "tramp country" and says:

Hayti, never heard from save for some bad cause, will in eighteen months celebrate the centenary of its political independence, proclaimed January 1st, 1804.

It has had a century of self-government. In that time no President has been legally elected. No government has been secure. Life has never been safe from military execution. Taxation has been organized plunder. Barbarism has succeeded semi-civilization. Poto Rico to-day and at any time for a century is inconceivably better off.

Haiti might have the best, most profitable sugar plantations known. It can grow the best coffee of the West Indies. Its ports are at the very entrance of the Carribbean Sea. It should be the house of call for the commerce of a score of islands and some 500 miles of coast. Its mineral resources are unknown, but there is every reason to believe them large. It has steaming coal which it does not raise, copper it does not smelt and gold for which it makes no search.

It is a tramp country. Its population, part of which is cursed by voodooism and all of which is lower than the average Asiatic, squats on a rich 10,000 square miles and keeps it useless. No evil is absent. There is no real education, no efficient civil administration, no protection for trade, property or life.

A tramp country like this cannot go on forever. No man would be allowed to make rich land a nuisance of inhuman cruelty, the hiding place of plunder and murder. Neither can a country. There is no divine right of peoples any more than of kings.

As races or men use, so races or men own. In the long run, no man and no people has a right to have and to hold what he destroys. The United States for eighty years has stood between Haiti and a European administration. Its colonization we will not permit. If we assume this responsibility we are bound to see that Haiti is orderly, law-abiding and safe for men and women, capital and trade. If Haiti and the Haitians cannot do this alone, in due time enough force must be applied—no more—than is needed to give civilized security. This exists in Porto Rico. All are happier. Why should Haiti be left to stew and steam like a little inferno with "Presidents" and "generals" and "admirals," all pirates and bandits in uniform?

As to Haiti, its people, and the conditions that have made it such a burlesque republic this article is doubtless true. It is corroborated by writers who have recently spent some time there. We published lately an extract from a letter of a correspondent of the Philadelphia *Record*, who drew a picture of the present conditions quite as unattractive as the picture the *Press* draws.

But the noteworthy point in this editorial is the contention to justify the wresting of this mock government from the people of the republic by some other government, which logically would be this government, because the Monroe Doctrine stands in the way of any other government doing that. Even now that feature of the Monroe Doctrine is being discussed by some of the European journals, which contend that if this country proposes to stand guardian over the countries on this hemisphere and denies other countries the right to discipline them, it logically follows that this country must put its wards on their good behavior and see to it that they do behave themselves. Whether the *Press* agrees with those views and believes that the Monroe Doctrine imposes obligations on this country or not, it holds that Haiti, by the incapacity of its people to establish respectable, stable government, has forfeited the right to rule and that this job logically falls to this country. We say logically, that is if the Monroe Doctrine is correctly interpreted by some of its strenuous defenders and carries with it the reciprocal obligations that some of its European interpreters contend that it does.

We have no idea that annexation of that black republic is seriously thought of by the island grabbers of this country, for they have about all the "benevolent assimilation" and mixing-up that they can attend to for some years to come, although something in the shape of a friendly guardianship, which might not be objected to by other nations, might be proposed, something similar to that we had exercised over Hawaii for half a century or so before its annexation.

But follow the reasoning of the *Press* up, whither does it lead, and where will it stop? With Haiti? Doesn't the same reasoning apply under certain conditions to every country to which the Monroe Doctrine applies? It would not require much stretching to make the contention of the *Press* apply to several of the Latin States South of us, which have been failures as far as maintaining respectable, stable government goes, and in developing and utilizing their resources, as more progressive, thrifty people would have done. The trouble in putting up arguments to justify grabs is to draw the line, and find a stopping place. If the argument is good for this black republic it is good for other countries where the colors are mixed, and where raising revolutions and Hades seem to be the special talent and business of the inhabitants.

DIFFERENT TYPES OF MEN.

Some time ago Gen. Torrance, commander-in-chief of the Grand Army of the Republic, appealed to his brother soldiers to contribute to the building of a home for indigent ex-Confederate soldiers. It was a generous thought, and bespoke a big, warm heart in the man who made the appeal. As such it was regarded, and as such it was politely but firmly declined by the Army of Tennessee, which spoke for the Confederate soldiers of the South, all of whom appreciate the kindly sentiment that inspired the appeal of Gen. Torrance.

But a different sort of man is Gen. Dyrenforth, commander-in-chief of the Union Veterans' Union. The appeal of Gen. Torrence was too much for him. He had to say something, and this is what he said:

"I do not wish to be misunderstood. So far as I know, there is not a Union veteran who has any feeling of animosity towards any man who, either as a soldier or as a civilian, endeavored to support the so-called Southern Confederacy. I have many warm friends who were rebels; but it is not as rebels that they are now my friends. As rebels, they had to be pardoned, and pardon implies contrition. I can see no contrition where they form bodies to foster the cause of their wrong-doing and still meet and march about flaunting the flag of treason. The rebellion is just as wrong to-day as it was in 1861. I think the Union veterans had better give attention to securing enforcement of the Constitution through them amended, to caring for one another, and to getting proper recognition. We do not want any premium put upon rebellion."

Gen. Dyrenforth's name is not very conspicuous on the scroll of fame, and he isn't achieving much by such narrow, hide-bound sentiments as these, in such striking contrast to scores of other Union soldiers who did achieve fame. If such a man, entertaining the views that he in this utterance expresses, has "many warm friends who were rebels" it is proof of how charitabe and generous a "rebel" can be.

But he is mistaken when he talks about "rebels." The men who wore the gray were not "rebels." They were soldiers fighting by authority of and in defence of sovereign States, to which they owed their first allegiance, and if any of them have ever expressed "contrition," whether pardoned or not, for the part he took in the war, we have never met that man.

We do not know whether Gen. Dyrenforth is running a pension office or not, but we rather suspect that he is since he is commander-in-chief of the Union Veterans' Union, the object of which is mutual co-operation in securing more and bigger pensions. That is about his size.

Eighteen aldermanic boodlers in St. Louis formed a close combine and each took an iron-clad oath that he would reveal nothing of their sayings or doings, on the penalty of death at the hands of the others. But notwithstanding one of the combine gave them away and now some of them are in jail, others out on bond, others skipped to parts unknown, and others are dodging the cops.

An Alabama man was elected to office and it cost him only $41. But some offices down there are not worth much.

CASTORIA.
Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. The Kind You Have Always Bought

PRITCHARD'S MACHINE.

There has been a great deal of talk about the political "machine" in North Carolina, but there has never been a machine in it that has been as absolutely run by one man as the Republican machine is by Senator Pritchard. He is the whole thing and controls it as effectually as the engineer controls his locomotive. He calls conventions when and where he pleases, names the men who are to go as delegates to those conventions, most if not all of whom are his creatures, maps out the work for his conventions, or calls them off if he concludes that there is a chance to do some dickering.

How completely he bosses the party is shown by the fact that when it was decided to eliminate the negro and the word went out to his tools very few negroes showed up in county conventions, in which in years past there were many, and none were chosen as delegates to other conventions save in a few counties where the negroes were in the majority and rebelled against the boss. It was shown again when he and his subalterns ran the State convention and sat down or the few negroes who came there as duly chosen delegates. It was shown again the other day when he dismissed the Republican congressional convention which met at Greensboro, to await the action of the so-called "independents," and see what kind of bargain he could drive with them.

He not only controls the conventions but he controls the men who are nominated, not one of whom will accept a challenge for a joint canvass with his Democratic competitor without first consulting him and securing his permission. As a result there have been no such challenges accepted thus far. He thinks a bushwhacking canvass is the safest and best for his fellows, in which he is doubtless right.

Talk about your machines, but Jeter C. is the whole thing.

Mrs. P. D. Birdsell, who had a talent for business, struck on the happy thought of opening a bucket shop for women exclusively, and she did, did it in Chicago. She ran it until she had absorbed about $8,000 of their money, and then Mrs. P. D. B. lit out P. D. Q. for other pastures.

A Chinaman in New York got him a brand new wife the other day, and she cost him only $800, imported, too, from China.

CURRENT COMMENT.

—— The North Carolina negroes will doubtless be a scarce quantity when the delegates to the next Republican National Convention assemble—*Washingtoa Post, Ind.*

—— Senator Lodge says he would like to see the profit of the meat trust reduced. It is just as certain that the trust disagrees with the Senator, and there the Republicans will leave the matter.—*Jacksonville Times-Union, Dem.*

—— Boil the drinking water, Chicago is having one of the worst epidemics of typhoid ever it had. Boil the milk. Washington is having one of the worst epidemics of typhoid in its history. Cook all vegetables well. Baltimore is having one of the worst typhoid epidemics ever known there. In short, cook well everything you eat and drink.—*Philadelphia Press, Rep.*

—— Live rats, a keg of nails, a glass of water and fresh eggs will be used in the test to determine the safety of the tower elevator in the Philadelphia City Hall. The test, which will be made within a few weeks, will consist of dropping the cage from the top of the tower to the air cushion, a distance of 372 feet 9 inches. It is calculated that it will, when thus released, travel at the rate of 256 feet a second. The eggs and water will be placed on the keg of nails. The rats, in a trap, will be set on the floor beside the keg. If the water is not spilled, the eggs not cracked and the rats are not dead after the drop the test will be considered a positive success.—*New York Tribune, Rep.*

A Deep Mystery.

It is a mystery why women endure Backache, Headache, Nervousness, Sleeplinss, Melancholy, Fainting and Dizzy Spells when thousands have proved that Electric Bitters will quickly cure such troubles. "I suffered for years with kidney trouble," writes Mrs. Phebe Cherley, of Peterson, Ia., "and a lame back pained me so I could not dress myself, but Electric Bitters wholly cured me, and, although 73 years old, I am able to do my housework." It overcomes Constipation, improves Appetite, gives perfect health. Only 50c at R. R. BELLAMY'S Drug Store. †

For Over Sixty Years

MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP has been used for over sixty years by millions of mothers for their children while teething with perfect success. It soothes the child, soften the gums, and allays all pain; cures wind colic, and is the best remedy for diarrhœa. It will relieve the poor little sufferer immediately. Sold by druggists in every part of the world. Twenty-five cents a bottle. Be sure and ask for "Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup," and take no other kind.

You Know What You Are Taking

When you take Grove's Tasteless Chill Tonic, because the formula is plainly printed on every bottle, showing that it is simply iron and quinine in a tasteless form. No cure, no pay, Price, 50c aa tu th

DR. PIERCE'S GOLDEN MEDICAL DISCOVERY FOR THE BLOOD, LIVER, LUNGS.

SPIRITS TURPENTINE.

— Mount Airy *News*: The apples finding their way to market in this place are mostly of fair quality this year and bring good prices. Dealers here do not expect to be able to fill all th ir orders as the crop is a small one compared with former years.

— Nashville *Graphic*: Mr. A. C. Griffin, of near Hillsdaston, owns a turkey worthy of note. Since March of this year the turkey has laid one hundred and four eggs. A peculiarity about the bird is she will not "set," but after the hens hatch out the young "turks" she proceeds to take charge of their rearing, leaving them only long enough to add another to the already large number of eggs laid.

— High Point *Enterprise*: Another weather prophet was in this week and said that the seven snows as stated would not pan out. He was of the opinion that there would be one fairly good snow this winter and "eight sprinkles." This prophet seldom fails. —— Mr. E. A. Younts in looking over some of the effects of Mrs. Yount's grandmother found an old letter written from Germany in 1765. It is well preserved and the lettering and dates show up plainly.

— Weldon *News*: The farmers from all over the county are reporting a very short cotton crop. The latter part of July there were fair prospects for a large yield of the staple, but for the past five or six weeks there has been a great deal of dry weather which has made plants mature earlier, thus cutting off the late crop. The cotton is opening and being picked rapidly. —— The stockholders of the Weldon Cotton Manufacturing Company held a meeting here last Thursday night and declared a dividend of 6 per cent. on stock, payable October

Enquirer: Mr. J. F. G ariotte, has brought su ,000 against Postmaster J. S . ay, of Monroe. Gardner was in Monroe last Friday and claims that Hasty went to his room in the hotel where he was stopping and accused him of offering an insult to Mrs. Hasty. Gardner tried to convince Hasty that he had offered no insult to Mrs. Hasty and was not even acquainted with her, but Hasty was very angry and threatening and made Gardner leave his room and go before Mrs. Hasty. As soon as Mrs. Hasty saw Gardner she declared that she did not know him and that he had never insulted her.

— Winston *Sentinel*: Judge Jas. E. Boyd has signed an order appointing Henry C. Cowles, of Statesville, receiver for the monies which may be paid in by the defendants in the famous Amos Owen Cherry Tree cases. It will be remembered that Judge Boyd's sentence provided for the restitution by the defendants of money which they fraudulently obtained. All such money they are now to pay to Mr. Cowles, who will hold it in trust for the court. The principal defendants in the case are Frank Bright, T. Bright and C. D. Wilkie. The case will come up at the October term of Federal Court to see to what extent the defendants have remitted money which they fraudulently obtained.

— Lumberton *Argus*: Mr. W. H. Edwards, who raised tobacco for Mr. A. L. Jones, near Buies, says the twenty-four-acre crop will sell for $3,000. — Dennis Graham, the long-haired negro at Proctorville, was killed last Saturday evening by another negro, named Cooper. At the Coroner's inquest, it appeared that Graham had gone upon Cooper's premises with a gun. The witnesses could not see Graham, but heard Cooper calling to him not to "come on" him, and saw Cooper stepping backward. Cooper had a rifle and apparently intended only to disable Graham, as he aimed each time at the legs, which he hit both times. Graham seems to have fired his gun, but without taking effect. One of Cooper's balls happened to cut an artery in Graham's thigh, causing the victim to bleed to death in a few minutes. Cooper fled, but needlessly, if our informant is correct.

TWINKLINGS.

— "Anarchy," said the cynical codger, "means not the division of wealth with your fellow man, but his division with you."—*Life.*

— Smart City Visitor—(showing a chesnut burr)—"Say, Rube, what d'ye call this?" Rube—"You dern fool! that's a porcupine's egg."—*Judge.*

— "Advice, bredderen," said Uncle Eph, "am er good deal lak trubble; de less yo want de moh yo git, an' de moh yo git de less yo want."—*Colorado Springs Gazette.*

— We admire the man of tireless toil, but really, any of us could accomplish a great deal if we ran up against toil of that description.—*Brooklyn Life.*

— Mother—Did the professor propose? Daughter—Dear me, mother, he was on the very verge of it, and I foolishly happened to mention bacteria.—*Detroit Free Press.*

— Teacher—"Correct the sentence, 'The liquor what the man bought was soon drank.'" Bright Pupil—"The man who bought the liquor was soon drunk."—*Buffalo News.*

— Minister (visiting prison)—How can you say there have been successes in your life? Bunco Pete—Why, man in my time I've flim-flamed a phrenologist, a writer of detective stories, a character reader and a criminologist.—*Life.*

— Mr. Norther—I've often wondered why so many colored men are lynched down this way. Col. South—Well, suh, I reckon it's because they don't start runnin' quick enough.—*Philadelphia Record.*

— "Now that we're engaged," she said, "of course I can't tell you, Mr. Parkinson; and even Sebastian seems too long and formal. Haven't you any short name?" "Well," replied the happy Parkinson, "the fellows at college used to—er—call me 'Pie-face.'"—*Philadelphia Press.*

— Sub-Editor (Podunk *News*)—"We orter do suthin' tew stimulate interest in this paper. Let's offer a year's subscription tew th' feller that sends in ther largest potater." Editor—"None. We'll offer a year's subscription to th' feller that sends in th' largest bushel uv pertaters!"—*Puck.*

Old Soldier's Experience.

M. M. Austin, a civil war veteran, of Winchester, Ind., writes: "My wife was sick a long time in spite of good doctor's treatment, but was wholly cured by Dr. King's New Life Pills, which worked wonders for her health." They always do. Try them. Only 25c at R. R. BELLAMY'S Drug Store. †

SANTAL-MIDY
Arrests discharges from the urinary organs in either sex in all hours.
It is superior to Copaiba, Cubeb, or injections, and free from all bad smell or other inconveniences.
SANTAL-MIDY is contained in small Capsules, which bear the name in black letters, without which none are genuine. MIDY

Mrs. Frank Grosvenor,

No. 212 Twenty-first St., Galveston. Tex.

GALVESTON, TEX.,
March 13, 1902.

For three years after my marriage I felt peculiar bearing-down pains such as I had never experienced before. I tried different remedies but found it was only money wasted. I then consulted a physician who treated me for two months and then said my ovaries were diseased and that I would never get well unless I had an operation. I knew that would mean that I would never have a child and I dreaded the ordeal. I changed physicians but found this did not help me any, and I was in despair.

My sister-in-law then visited me and when I told her of my trouble she said: "If you had used common sense and Wine of Cardui you would not have been in such a plight." She had used it in her own home and it had carried her through three times when she had children. I sent for some at once and took it faithfully and now find to my great joy that it was all she claimed for it. New strength and with it new hope came back to me and it seemed as if every dose gave me new life. Within three months I was changed from a dragged out mortal weary of life to a hearty, healthy woman full of ambition and life. No operation was needed and better than all I became the mother of a little girl, the pride and joy of the household. I have had two other children since without a particle of trouble. I am well and never take any medicine but Wine of Cardui. I only write that other poor sick women could know of this life-giving medicine and would take it without spending time and money on doctors, who don't cure.

Mrs Frank Grosvenor.

WINE OF CARDUI, the simple remedy which Mrs. Grosvenor advises you to take has transformed her from a sick, discouraged woman to the bright, happy, healthy person you see in this portrait. Instead of languishing on a bed of sickness Mrs. Grosvenor is now equipped for any duty of womanhood. There are some chronic cases which no medicine can cure but nineteen out of every twenty sufferers today may have the health Mrs. Grosvenor has if they will only take the Wine of Cardui treatment as Mrs. Grosvenor took it. This vegetable Wine regulates the menstrual flow, making this important function both healthful and painless. The bearing-down pains which make life a torture stop when Wine of Cardui is used and the terrible smarting pains and the inflammation cease. Though powerful in correcting the irregularities of menstruation, Wine of Cardui is a very mild medicine. Any woman may take it without a doctor's supervision, although doctors often give it to their patients when their own remedies fail. This Wine of Cardui treatment is taken quietly at home. No embarrassing private examinations or offensive operations are necessary. If you secure a bottle of Wine of Cardui and begin taking it today you will feel health returning before the month is up. Why not secure a dollar bottle of Wine of Cardui from your druggist at once? Do not accept any other medicine but the Wine of Cardui treatment which Mrs. Grosvenor writes about.

WINE of CARDUI

Life In the Country.

In the country every morning of the year brings with it a new aspect of springing or fading nature, a new duty to be fulfilled upon earth and a new promise or warning in heaven. No day is without its innocent hope, its special prudence, its kindly gift and its sublime danger, and in every process of wise husbandry and every effort of contending or remedial courage the wholesome passions, pride and bodily power of the laborer, are excited and exerted in happiest unison. The companionship of domestic and the care of serviceable animals soften and enlarge his life with lowly charities and discipline him in familiar wisdom and unboastful fortitudes, while the divine laws of seedtime, which cannot be recalled, harvest, which cannot be hastened, and winter, in which no man can work, compel the impatience and coveting of his heart into labor too submissive to be anxious and rest too sweet to be wanton.—John Ruskin.

Where He Came From.

It was in a mission Sunday school far over on the east side, and the brisk young clergyman from Chicago was about to make a brief address. His smile was as complacent as ingratiating, and he began with an adroitness, as he supposed, of exordium which would have left Quintilian speechless with wonder and envy:

"Well, children, I guess none of you knows where I come from."

His own ingenuity warmed his heart as he saw visions of his stockyards stories to come. But he promptly got a cold douche. "Oh, yes, we do!" spoke up shiny faced—preternaturally so—Joe Dugan in the front row. An orator must follow his lead even if it isn't the one he desired. So the youthful minister, a slight shade of disappointment now on his unwrinkled front, asked:

"Well, where do you think, then?"

"From the country!"—New York Evening Post.

Some Curious Book Titles.

In the sixteenth century we find the greatest extravagance displayed in the titles of books. These may be taken as examples: "The Spiritual Snuffbox, to Lead Devoted Souls to Christ," and "The Spiritual Seringa For Souls Steeped In Devotion." A work on Christian charity published in 1587 is entitled "Buttons and Buttonholes For Believers' Breeches." Another quaint publication is Father La Chaucie's work entitled "Bread Cooked on the Ashes; Brought by an Angel to the Prophet Eligiah (Elijah) to Comfort the Dying." Another was issued with the curious title of "The Lamp of S. Augustine and the Flies That Flit Around It."

The following very attractive title appeared in a book published at Newcastle in 1605: "Some Beautiful Biscuits Cooked In the Oven of Charity and Put Aside For the Fowls of the Church, the Sparrows of the Spirit and the Swallows of Salvation."

Rubber Foot Fever.

If a man has a corn, it can be removed, but if he is suffering from rubber foot fever no chiropodist can help him, and the only thing to prescribe is liberal bathing of the feet and removal of the cause. Rubbers should only be worn to keep wet out, and they should be removed the moment the wearer gets indoors. Failure to note this gives a man wet feet in a far worse sense than if he had waded through mud ankle deep.

It was the trouble resulting from forcing the perspiration to soak the stockings and keep the feet perpetually damp that drove rubber soled boots out of the market. Even loose rubbers are a source of danger and the cause of many more serious colds than they avert.

Tiffany's Big Day In 1837.

Mr. Charles L. Tiffany and his partner, Mr. Young, began business on a capital of $1,000 borrowed from Mr. Tiffany's father.

Their first stock of salable goods consisted of bric-a-brac, Chinese and Japanese wares, umbrellas, walking sticks, desks, dressing cases, cabinets, fans, fine stationery, pottery, fancy articles and curiosities. The total sales for the first three days are said to have amounted to only $4.98, but as the nature of the business became known the patronage increased, new features were added from time to time, and on the day before Christmas of the year 1837 the sales amounted to $236.—American Monthly Review of Reviews.

Dublin's Red Haired Club.

The Red Haired club of Dublin, which flourished years ago, was a society which barred out all whose hirsute covering was not of the most pronounced auburn. In order that no one could gain admission by false pretenses it was required at the initiation of each member that the applicant wash his hair and whiskers in hot soda and water. This effectually took out any "dye" that might have been used.

All Agreed.

Krankleigh—Naw! I don't like my new neighborhood at all. Every man on the street's a cad.

Sharpe—You don't say?

Krankleigh—Yes, and there's one man in particular who isn't fit to live there at all.

Sharpe—Strange; that's what all the other neighbors say.—Philadelphia Press.

Not So Tactless as That.

She—Mrs. Boreton called today, and I thought she would never go.

He—But you are so amiable I suppose you never gave her the slightest hint that you wanted her to go.

She—Indeed I did not. If I had, she'd be here now.—Brooklyn Life.

His Whole Business.

Tar water as a remedy many years ago in England became the universal nostrum. Horace Walpole tells that a man went into a chemist's shop and asked, "Do you sell tar water?" "Tar water!" replied the apothecary. "Why, I sell nothing else!"

A Fierce Threat.

Irish Maid—Do you want a good beating, Master Jimmy, or do you not because if you don't behave yourself this minute you'll get both?

MARINE DIRECTORY.

List of Vessels in the Port of Wilmington, N C., September 13

STEAMSHIPS.

Toloss, (Br) 2,099 tons, Widdess, Alexander Sprunt & Son.
Sir Richard Grenville, (Br) 1,745 tons, Jones, Alexander Sprunt & Son.
Rosewood, (Br) 1,104 tons, McGregor. Heide & Co.

SCHOONERS.

Chas C Lister, 266 tons, Moore, George Harriss, Son & Co.
Merom, 881 tons, Sorensen, George Harriss, Son & Co.
Wm H Bailey, 464 tons, Lane, George Harriss, Son & Co.
Lizzie M Parsons, 571 tons, Faulkner, George Harriss, Son & Co.

THEO. H. PRICE
ON COTTON.

I again advise Southern holders and producers of cotton to hold their production for at least nine cents a pound. The spinning trade, at first disposed to ignore the very obvious facts in regard to supply and demand this year, are gradually coming to recognize them. The world needs every bale of cotton and more than the South will produce this year. It can and will pay at least nine cents per pound for it if that price be insisted upon. By such insistence the South will make itself a sharer in the prosperity everywhere else so general.

New York, Sept. 12, 1902.

sep 13 1t

SALT AND OTHER SEASONABLE STOCK.

Cargo Salt just arrived in all sizes and kinds.

Bagging and Ties.

NEW CROP RICE.

Flour, Corn, Meal, Oats, Molasses and Case Goods.

Send in your orders now.

HALL & PEARSALL.

au 30 tf

COMMERCIAL.

WILMINGTON MARKET

[Quoted officially at the closing by the Chamber of Commerce.]

STAR OFFICE, September 12.

SPIRITS TURPENTINE—Market steady at 45c bid per gallon.

ROSIN—Market steady at $1.10 per barrel for strained and $1.15 per barrel for good strained.

TAR—Market firm at $1.50 per barrel of 280 lbs.

CRUDE TURPENTINE—Market firm at $1.40 per barrel for hard, $2.50 for dip, and $2.60 for virgin.

Quotations same day last year—Spirits turpentine firm at 33@32c; rosin firm at 95c@$1.00; tar steady at $1.35; crude turpentine quiet at $1.00 @2.00.

RECEIPTS.

Spirits turpentine	65
Rosin	213
Tar	76
Crude turpentine	37

Receipts same day last year—65 casks spirits turpentine, 231 barrels rosin, 268 barrels tar, 97 barrels crude turpentine.

COTTON.

Market firm on a basis of 8¼c per pound for middling. Quotations:

Ordinary	6	cts. ₱ lb
Good ordinary	7¼	" "
Low middling	8	" "
Middling	8¼	" "
Good middling	8 9-16	" "

Same day last year, market firm at 8½c for middling.

Receipts—1,860 bales; same day last year, 309.

Net receipts at all United States ports yesterday, 28,457 bales; last year, 13,639.

[Corrected Regularly by Wilmington Produce Commission Merchants, prices representing those paid for produce consigned to Commission Merchants.]

COUNTRY PRODUCE.

PEANUTS—North Carolina, firm. Prime, 80c; extra prime, 85c; fancy, 90c, per bushel of twenty-eight pounds. Virginia—Prime, 80c; extra prime, 85c; fancy, 90c. Spanish, 77 @80c.

CORN—Firm; 80@82½c per bushel for white.

N. C. BACON—Steady; hams 15@16c per pound; shoulders, 10@12½c; sides, 10@11c.

EGGS—Firm at 18@22c per dozen.

CHICKENS—Firm. Grown, 30@ 35c; springs, 10@22c.

TURKEYS—No sale.

BEESWAX—Firm at 27c.

TALLOW—Firm at 5¼@6½c per pound.

SWEET POTATOES—Firm at 90@ $1.00 per bushel.

FINANCIAL MARKETS

By Telegraph to the Morning Star

NEW YORK, Sept. 12—Money on call was strong at 5@20 per cent., closing offered at 8 per cent. Prime mercantile paper 5@5½ per cent. Sterling exchange weak, with actual business in bankers' bills at 485.50@485.625 for demand and 482 875 for sixty days. Posted rates 484@ 484½ and 486½@487. Commercial bills 482.25@482.75. Bar silver 51½ Mexican dollars 40½. Government bonds steady. State bonds firmer. Railroad bonds weak. U. S. refunding 2's, reg'd, 108¼; U. S. refunding 2's coupon, 108¼; U. S. 3's, reg'd, 107; do. coupon, 107; U. S. 4's, new registered, 136½; do. coupon, 136½; U. S. 4's, old, registered, 109, do. coupon, 110; U. S. 5's registered, 105; do. coupon, 105; Southern Railway, 5's, 121. Stocks: Baltimore & Ohio 115¾; Chesapeake & Ohio 55½; Manhattan L 134¾; New York Central 163¾; Reading 73⅞; do 1st preferred 88⅜; do. 2nd preferred 79½; St. Paul 188½; do. pref'd, 195¾; Southern Railway 39¾; do. pref'd 96½; Amalgamated Copper 68¼; Am'n Tobacco—c; People's Gas 106; Sugar 129; Tennessee Coal and Iron 68¾; U. S. Leather 13¾; do. pref'd, 89¾; Western Union 95½; U. S. Steel 40¾; do. preferred 90; Nat'l R. R. of Mexico 19⅜; Virginia-Carolina Chemical 69½; do. preferred, 131; Standard Oil, 675@ 680.

NAVAL STORES MARKETS

By Telegraph to the Morning Star

NEW YORK, Sept. 12.—Rosin steady. Spirits turpentine firm.

CHARLESTON, Sept. 12—Spirits turpentine and rosin unchanged.

SAVANNAH, Sept. 12.—Spirits turpentine was firm at 45c; receipts 773 casks; sales 744 casks; exports 60 casks. Rosin steady; receipts 3,150 barrels; sales 2,251 barrels; exports 2,155 barrels. Quote: A, B, C, D, $1 20, E, $1 25; F, $1 32½; G, $1 37½; H, $1 60; I, $1 80; K $2 40; M, $2 90; N, $3 35; W G, $3 55; W W, $3 85.

COTTON MARKETS.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star

NEW YORK, Sept. 12.—The cotton market opened firm and four to nine points higher in response to a bullish set of Liverpool cables. The English market was influenced by less favorable crop reports and continental buying orders. The local trade was made very uneasy by the appearance of a cold wave over the western belt and the pressure of freezing temperatures just north of the cotton country, the range being from 26 to 33 degrees. Fearing possible frost formation in the West to night, local shorts ran for cover immediately after the opening and quickly bid the whole list upward, January reaching 8.38. Liverpool, too, took fright at the cold weather reports and at the close was four and a half points up on some options. Receipts were very heavy, but this factor had been pretty thoroughly discounted. After a slight reaction the market turned strong and rushed up to 8.41 for January on urgent general buying, started by an official forecast for frost to-night in Oklahoma and Arkansas. The bears, having fresh in mind the condition report of 64 on the third instant were greatly alarmed by this new factor, and feared positive disaster possible, as the records show no precedent for frost this time of the season. Still later the market settled several points, under profit taking and a bearish weekly statistical statement, and once more shot upward toward the close on strong and vigorous public buying. The market was finally firm and net thirteen to sixteen points higher. Total sales estimated at 35,000 bales.

NEW YORK, Sept. 12.—Cotton quiet at 8¾; net receipts — bales; gross receipts 5,871 bales; stock 41,240 bales.

Spot cotton closed quiet; middling uplands 8¾c; middling gulf 9¼c; sales 200 bales.

Futures market closed firm: September 8.55, October 8.45, November 8.40, December 8.40, January 8.41, February 8.26, March 8 24, April 8.25, May 8.28.

Total to-day—Net receipts 28,838 bales; exports to Great Britain 10,135 bales; exports to the Continent 14,193 bales; stock 246,457 bales.

Consolidated—Net receipts 153,485 bales; exports to Great Britain 31,761 bales; exports to France 5,950 bales exports to the Continent 60,763 bales.

Total since September 1st.—Net receipts 243,633 bales; exports to Great Britain 49,401 bales; exports to France 5,505 bales; exports to the Continent 59,493 bales

Sept. 12.—Galveston, quoted firm at 8¾c, net receipts 13,130 bales; Norfolk, steady at 8¾c, net receipts 481 bales; Baltimore, holiday, net receipts 113 bales; Boston quiet at 8¾c, net receipts — bales; Wilmington, firm at 8¾c, net receipts 976 bales; Philadelphia, steady at 9¼c, net receipts 22 bales; Savannah, steady at 8 3-16c, net receipts 5,900 bales; New Orleans, firm at 8¾c, net receipts 4,803 bales; Mobile, firm at 8 1-16c, net receipts 39 bales; Memphis, firm at 8 5-16c, net receipts 395 bales; Augusta, firm at 8 5-16c, net receipts 2,378 bales; Charleston, firm at 8 3-16c, net receipts 1,063 bales.

PRODUCE MARKETS.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, Sept. 12.—Flour was fairly active and firm. Rye flour quiet. Wheat—Spot steady; No. 2 red 76⅝c. There was a strong early advance in wheat to-day on further disappointing Northwest receipts, the corn strength and covering, but as clearances proved small, export demand light and late English cables easier, afternoon developments were bearish. Losing all its early advance, the market closed easy at ⅜c net decline. The sales included: May closed 75c; September closed 76⅝c; December 74c. Corn—Spot firm; No. 2 72c. The options market sold right up at the start on a frost scare and was generally firm until the last hour when realizing caused a setback. The close was barely steady at ⅝@1⅛c net advance, the latter on September. Sales included: May closed 45⅜c; January closed —c; September closed 68½c; December closed 49⅝c. Oats—Spot dull; No. 2 33¼c. Options market opened higher with corn, but experienced subsequent depression under sales for long account; May closed 36½c; September closed 36c; December 36½c. Lard firm; Western steam $11 00; refined firm; continent $11 15; South American $11 60; compound 7½@8c. Butter steady; creamery 16@21½c; extra creamery 23c; State dairy 15½@21c. Pork firm. Tallow quiet. Eggs steady; State and Pennsylvania 21@22c. Cheese was quoted strong; new State full cream, small colored fancy 10¾c; small white 10½c. Peanuts were firm; fancy hand-picked 5¼@5¾c; domestic 3½@5⅝. Potatoes steady; Long Island $1 60@1 65; South Jersey sweets $2 50; Jerseys $1 40@1 55. Coffee—Spot Rio quiet; No. 7 invoice 5¾c; mild firm; Cordova 8@11½c. Sugar—Raw steady; fair refining 3c; centrifugal 96 test, 3½c; refined sugar steady. Cabbages firm;—Long Island per 100, $3 00@3 50. Freights to Liverpool—cotton by steam 12½c. Rice firm. Cotton seed oil on the spot was neglected and more or less nominal, buyers awaiting the new crop of oil. The closing prices were: Prime crude, f. o. b. mills 28@29c; prime summer yellow 40 @41c; off summer yellow 38@39c; prime white 45@46c; prime winter yellow 46c; prime meal $27 00, nominal.

CHICAGO, Sept. 12.—A killing frost in half the corn belt ruled the grain pits to-day. While corn shorts were largely prepared for this sort of news there was a good upturn in the coarser grain early and a good active business was done. Principally in sympathy with the corn advance, wheat made fair early gains. The outside situation, however, was weak, warmer weather was predicted, and while some of the corn was reported damaged fifty per cent, longs in general took profits. Most of the corn gain was lost and wheat under pressure closed weak. In the end September and December wheat both lost ⅛c; September and December corn gained ⅛c and December oats lost ⅛c.

CHICAGO, Sept. 12.—Cash prices: Flour steady. Wheat-No. 2 spring 73 @74c; No. 3 spring 70@71c; No. 2 red 73½@74½c. Corn—No. 2, 60¼@62¼c; No. 2 yellow 62@62½c. Oats—No. 2 —c; No. 2 white —c; No. 3 white 31@ 35½c. Mess pork, per barrel, $16 75 16 80. Lard, 100 lbs., $10 77½@10 80. Short rib sides, loose, $10 55@10 65. Dry salted shoulders, boxed, $8 87½ @9 00. Short clear sides, boxed, $10 87½@11 12½. Whiskey—Basis of high wines, $1 32.

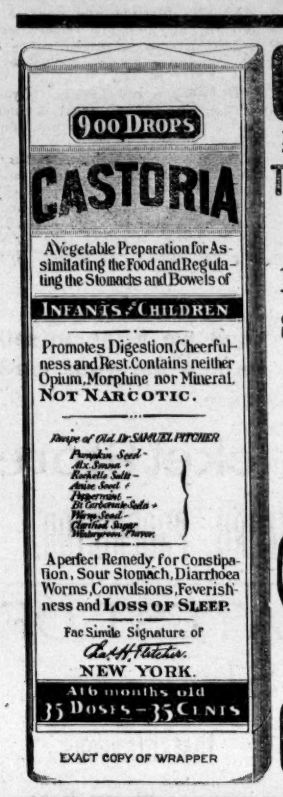
The leading futures ranged as follows—opening, highest, lowest and closing: Wheat—No. 2 September 73⅞ @74½, 74¼, 73⅛, 73½c; December 69⅝ @69⅞, 69¾, 69, 69@69½c; May 70¾@ 70⅞, 71, 70½@70¾, 70¼c. Corn—No. 2, September 59¾@60¼, 60⅜, 59½, 60c; December 44@44¼, 44¾, 43¾@ 43⅞, 44c; May 40¾@41, 41¼, 40½, 41

PUZZLE PICTURE.

THE WEELITTLES IN THE BULL RING.

Dressed after the prevailing fashion these kids rush into the ring while seeing a bull-fight at Boulogne, Spain. The Bull resents their intrusion.

FIND THE TOREADOR.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WHEN THE NUTS TURNED BROWN

By WINTHROP ALLEN

Copyright, 1901, by A. S. Richardson

Walton Ford sprang forward as he caught the flash of a bright autumn costume through the trees. Then he shrank back. It was too late, however, for the svelte, graceful figure stepped forward among the rustling leaves.

It was the woman's turn to be embarrassed. She recovered quickly and with a haughty inclination of the head remarked:

"Pray, don't imagine I was following you. I supposed you would remain with the rest of the party, and I—wanted to be alone."

"Precisely my predicament, and I've managed to get lost."

They stood silently regarding each other. It is not the most pleasant situation imaginable to find yourself alone in the bare autumnal woods with

"WE'RE PLAYING HOUSE," RESPONDED THE CHILD.

the man whom you are quite sure you have ceased to love and from whom you are about to secure a divorce. Yet that was Eugenie Ford's position. The trouble had started with a trifle, and the breach had widened steadily until their being together at the Van Order house party was rapidly developing into a heart sickening shame. Even the women had commenced to gossip about the affair over their teacups when Eugenie was nursing a headache in her darkened room.

From the distance came faintly the sound of children's voices. The strain was relieved. Ford pushed aside the overhanging branches and said:

"If you will come with me, perhaps these children can point out a path."

Without answering she followed him through the rustling leaves to a clearing, where two children, a lad of ten, a manly little chap, and a pretty girl of perhaps eight, were busily sorting their afternoon's harvest of brown nuts. Both stood gazing shyly at the "city folks."

In response to the desired information, given with remarkable clearness by the bright eyed boy, Ford tossed him a coin and turned on his heel. His wife paused and smiled into the uplifted face of the little girl.

"What are you children doing here?" she asked, pointing to elaborate diagrams formed of small stones.

"We're playing house," responded the child, encouraged by Eugenie's evident interest in their game. "That's the parlor you're standing in. The man's in our dining room. This is the kitchen, and over there is our room. The sticks are doors, and you push 'em open. Didn't you ever play you were married like that?"

The woman laughed bitterly.

"Matrimony is something more binding than rows of stones. One is bound in by walls of conventionality."

The child straightened up.

"Does that make as nice houses as ours—those walls—of—of"—

"They make a prison, a place from which you must break out if you would see the light of day."

Her heart was hot within her, and Eugenie did not realize that she was talking to the child. She thought only of the man watching her curiously in the mellow autumn light.

The girl's face fell.

"Oh, I thought it was some new game, you know."

"No, it's as old as the hills. Are you, too, tired of your boy husband and married life, and so soon?"

"Of course we're not," protested the child. "Are we, Willie?" The boy shook his head and dug the ground with his copper toed shoe. "You see, we like new games once in awhile, but we never get tired of playing we're married. Why, when we get big enough we're really going to be married for all the time. Now we can only keep house on Saturdays and after school."

"Don't you ever quarrel?" Eugenie was becoming interested, and she forgot the man at her side.

"Why, yes," admitted the child frankly. "It's part of the play, and it's such fun to make up. Yesterday Charlie Norris gave me a pencil, and my Willie was just awful mad, but this morning we kissed and made it up. Didn't we, Willie?"

Willie flushed and nodded his bowed head.

But their interlocutor was not laughing at them.

"But suppose you got real angry, and Willie was angry, too, and wouldn't make up. What then?"

"Oh, but you mustn't!" exclaimed the little one in shocked surprise. "It's wicked to get really mad. You have to humor a husband some. I heard ma tell Mis' Fosdick so. You see, when you're married it's different from the ordinary mad, because you're together all the time and you've got to stay together, and if you are mad"—the child looked helplessly at Willie—"well, it would be dreadful, don't you see."

"But suppose you wanted to do something that wasn't wrong and Willie wouldn't let you. What then?"

"Willie wouldn't stop me from doing anything that I wanted to do if it wasn't wrong, but sometimes I don't know what is wrong. Now, I let Artie Hale kiss me one day, and Willie was awful mad, and I just laughed because he was mad. I didn't care about Artie, you know; only it was fun to see Willie's eyes snap little bits of fire. But then we talked it all over, and now—well, I ain't going to let Artie kiss me again, not if he gives me two candied apples. I'm not going to make Willie feel bad any more, 'cause if you really love people you don't like to make 'em feel bad, do you?"

Eugenie turned abruptly.

"Which way are we to go, did you say?"

Amazed at the sudden change in her demeanor, the little girl pointed silently toward the woodland path. When Eugenie had taken half a dozen steps, she stopped suddenly and hurried back to the children, who stood watching this odd city lady who had taken such strange interest in their make believe house. She knelt beside the small figures and, drawing them gently toward her, murmured:

"Always give in to one another—always. It's so much easier."

Then she kissed them both and, rising, followed her husband down the leaf strewn pathway toward the Van Order estate.

Before them spread the gorgeousness of the setting sun. The red gold sky, framed by the forest vista, shone like the gates of glory. Neither spoke, but the face of each seemed to have caught the reflection of the brilliant west.

Just beyond flowed a small, brook, making tinkling music as it leaped over the moss covered stones. Ford crossed first, then offered his hand to his wife, who hesitated when she stepped on the first stone of the natural bridge.

As she reached the other side she still held his hand, and, seeing that she made no effort to withdraw from his protecting attitude, Ford drew her closer.

"Shall we let the children's lesson pass unheeded, Walton, or shall we, like they, 'kiss and make up?'"

He knew the cost of those words to her proud spirit, and as he bent to kiss her he said:

"I have wanted to ask you this for days and days, but somehow you never gave me the chance. I know I've been unreasonable. It's hard for a girl who's queened it over fellows for several seasons to yield always to just one insignificant man."

"You're not insignificant. You're—just splendid. I've been selfish and silly." The words came now without effort and were sealed with a penitent kiss.

That night the Van Order house party drove over to the dance at the Cross Country club house.

"By Jove, it looks like the old cotillon days to see Ford dancing four numbers out of five with Eugenie, doesn't it?" exclaimed a confirmed bachelor, thoughtfully stroking his iron gray mustache.

And so it happened that a little child led them away from the portals of the divorce court.

For Him to Pay.

"Do you suppose women will ever be sent to the legislature, Wilkins?"

"Wouldn't be surprised. My wife's inclined that way now."

"Your wife? Pshaw!"

"Fact. Why, it's no new thing for her to introduce a bill in the house."—Philadelphia Bulletin.

Family Pride.

"Quick, George!" the wife screamed. "Hurry to the baby! She's trying to swallow her rattle!"

"I know it," replied the husband calmly. "I want her to get ahead of Buffkin's baby, who swallowed a button."—Ohio State Journal.

Tot Causes Night Alarm.

"One night my brother's baby was taken with Croup," writes Mrs. J. C. Snider, of Crittenden, Ky., "it seemed it would strangle before we could get a doctor, so we gave it Dr. King's New Discovery, which gave quick relief and permanently cured it. We always keep it in the house to protect our children from Croup and Whooping Cough. It cured me of a chronic bronchial trouble that no other remedy would relieve." Infallible for Coughs, Colds, Throat and Lung troubles, 50c and $1.00. Trial bottles free at R. R. BELLAMY'S Drug Store. †

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ma th sa su

CHICHESTER'S ENGLISH **PENNYROYAL PILLS**

Original and Only Genuine. Always reliable. Ladies, ask Druggist for CHICHESTER'S ENGLISH in RED and Gold metallic boxes, sealed with blue ribbon. Take no other. Refuse Dangerous Substitutions and Imitations. Buy of your Druggist, or send 4c. in stamps for Particulars, Testimonials and "Relief for Ladies," in letter, by return Mail. 10,000 Testimonials. Sold by all Druggists. Chichester Chemical Co., Madison Square, PHILA., Pa.

ap we sa su

Littleton Female College.

One of the most prosperous schools in the South. Twenty-five officers and teachers. Room for 200 boarding pupils. Charges very low. Twenty-first Annual Session begins September 17th. Large illustrated catalogue on application to

Rev. J. M. RHODES, A. M., President, Littleton, N. C.

sep 2 D&W 2w

Consolidated Railways, Light and Power Co.

Schedule of the Suburban Line in Effect Aug. 31st, 1902.

LEAVE FRONT AND PRINCESS STS.

Hourly from 7.00 a. m. to 10.00 p. m.; Saturday 11.00 p. m. Sundays first car will leave at 9 a. m.

LEAVE OCEAN VIEW.

Hourly from 7.45 a. m. to 10.45 p. m. Saturdays last car will leave at 12.00 m. Sundays first car leaves at 9.45 a. m.

The following trains on the old Seacoast schedule will be abandoned with the introduction of the above:

Leave Ninth and Orange.	Leave Ocean View.
3.00 p m	4.00 p m
7.30 "	10.00 "
1.00 " Sat only	2 00 " Sa only
11 00. p m Fr & Sa	12.00 m Fr & Sa

The only "Seacoast" train operated Sundays will leave Ninth and Orange at 10.30 p. m.

FREIGHT.

Will be handled as formerly at 6.30 a. m. and 10.30 a. m. and 5.30 p. m.

Outside the city limits cars will stop on signal at any of the above mentioned points to let passengers off or on.

Inside city limits East Bound cars stop only to take ON passengers, West Bound cars stop only to let passengers OFF.

These cars are exclusively for suburban travel. Passengers between points in the city will please take the regular car which follows the East Bound suburban and precedes the West Bound.

All cars stop on signal at the first side of each street, NO STOP will be made at the Red Pole. First stop for West Bound cars and the last for East Boend will be Market and Tenth streets.

In order that these cars may be operated on time it is necessary for passengers to be ready to get on where the car stops. Motormen are instructed not to stop for passengers to get on unless they are at the regular stopping point before the car reaches it.

FARE.

BOOKS NOW ON SALE—Books containing 24 and 60 tickets each are now on sale at the company's office, 27 North Front street, at $1.00 and $2.50 respectively.

TRANSFERS

Between the city and suburban cars will be made on Princess street at Front and Ninth.

FREIGHT

Will be handled only from the Ninth and Orange depot at 10.30 A. M. and 5.30 P. M. under same conditions as have been in force during this season. For the accommodation of suburban patrons the 6.30 A. M. passenger car will be on hand at Front and Princess 10 minutes before leaving time to receive meat, vegetables and groceries in small packages which may be too bulky to be conveniently handled in this way. Medicine will be carried on any regular suburban car at owner's risk upon payment of ten cents to to the conductor.

A. B. SKELDING,
au 29 1m GENERAL MANAGER.

Coal, Coal.

For Manufacturing.

For Domestic Use.

For any purpose where a

First-Class Quality of Bituminous Coal is Wanted.

We are prepared to furnish any quantity desired.

See Us Before Making Contract.

Wm. E. Worth & Co.

Phones—Bell 94. Inter-State 146. au 24 tf

The Seashore Hotel,

WRIGHTSVILLE BEACH, N. C.

Opens for the Summer, June 1st.

For the coming season of 1902 we have added sixty large airy bedrooms, twenty en suite, with private baths, bowling alley, pool and billard hall. Hotel being but a few yards from old ocean's edge renders it cool and comfortable at all times.

No Malaria, No Mosquitoes, No Flies.

The finest bathing, boating and fishing along the Atlantic coast. The cuisine will be thoroughly up-to-date, embracing everything in the way of delicacies in sea foods and choice edibles. Artesian water. Music the entire season by Professor Hollowbush's New York orchestra of eight pieces. No more delightful resort in the South. Write for descriptive booklet, rates, etc.

Address

JOE H. HINTON, Manager,

my 8 3m Wrightsville Beach, N. C.

FOR RENT

THAT DESIRABLE STORE ON NORTH FRONT STREET AT PRESENT OCCUPIED BY R. F. HAMME AS A HAT STORE.

Apply to

GEO. R. FRENCH & SONS.

au 29 tf 108 NORTH FRONT STREET.

THE MURCHISON NATIONAL BANK.

We wish to thank our customers for their patience and good nature in "awaiting their turn" in our heretofore cramped quarters, and to announce that after next Tuesday we will be in our new building where there is plenty of room to serve them promptly.

The public are cordially invited to call and look at us; and incidentally open an account. Don't forget this.

H C. McQUEEN, President.

J. V. GRAINGER, Cashier. au 24 tf

DR. MOFFETT'S TEETHINA (TEETHING POWDERS)

Rev. J. W. Berry (of Arkansas Methodist Conference, writes): "Enclosed find fifty cents for which please mail me two packages of 'TEETHINA.' We wonder how we have raised children without it. The other day a lady in Missouri sent us a package and it came at a most opportune time; our babe was in a serious condition; his bowels had been in bad condition for days, and nothing that we gave did any good; the second dose of 'TEETHINA' gave perfect relief and he has had no further trouble. Other members of the family have used it and every dose has been a perfect success.

BLACK SPRINGS, Ark., Sept. 18, 1901.

For sale by all good Druggists. R. R. BELLAMY can supply the trade with TEETHINA at Dr. Moffett's prices. je 3 1y

MOTT'S **PENNYROYAL PILLS**

They overcome Weakness, irregularity and omissions, increase vigor and banish "pains of menstruation." They are "LIFE SAVERS" to girls at womanhood, aiding development of organs and body. No known remedy for women equals them. Cannot do harm—life becomes a pleasure. $1.00 PER BOX BY MAIL. Sold by druggists. DR. MOTT'S CHEMICAL CO., Cleveland, Ohio.

Sold by J. C. SHEPARD, Jr., Wilmington.

VESTIBULED LIMITED TRAINS

SEABOARD AIR LINE RAILWAY — SHORT LINE — WEST INDIA

DOUBLE DAILY SERVICE

Between New York, Tampa Atlanta. New Orleans & Points South & West.

Schedule in Effect April 13.

TRAIN 39 Leaves Wilmington at 3:05 P. M., arrives Lumberton 5:30 P. M., Pembroke 5:45 P. M., Maxton 6:15 P. M., Hamlet 7:15 P. M., Charlotte 10:30 P. M.

TRAIN 40 Leaves Charlotte 4:50 A. M., Hamlet at 8:10 A. M., arrives Maxton 8:52 A. M. Pembroke 9:30 A. M., Lumberton 9:50 A. M., Wilmington 12.15 noon.

WESTBOUND FROM HAMLET.

Hamlet	10.35 p m	7.35 a m
Ar Monroe	12.15 a m	9.05 a m
Ar Charlotte	....	10.18 a m
Ar Chester	1.35 a m	10.32 a m
Ar Greenwood	3.43 a m	12.30 p m
Ar Athens	6.13 a m	2.50 p m
Ar Atlanta	8.50 a m	4.55 p m

Close connection at Atlanta for Montgomery, Mobile, New Orleans and all points in Texas, Mexico and California; also for Chattanooga, Nashville, Louisville, St. Louis, Cincinnati, Chicago, and Western and Northwestern points.

SOUTHBOUND FROM HAMLET.

Lv Hamlet	10.35 p m	7.30 a m
Ar Columbia	1.05 a m	9.40 a m
Ar Savannah	4.55 a m	2.10 p m
Ar Jacksonville	9.15 a m	7.45 p m
Ar Tampa	5.40 p m	6.45 a m

NORTHBOUND FROM HAMLET.

Lv Hamlet	10.49 p m	8.05 a m
Ar Raleigh	1.30 a m	11.05 a m
Ar Norlina	3.30 a m	1.45 p m
Ar Portsmouth	.....	7.15 a m
Ar Norfolk	.....	5.35 p m
Lv Hamlet	10.40 p m	8.25 a m
Ar Raleigh	1 30 a m	11.30 a m
Ar Norlina	3.30 a m	1.25 p m
Ar Petersburg	5.54 a m	4.07 p m
Ar Richmond	6.35 a m	4.55 p m
Ar Washington	10.10 a m	8.30 p m
Ar Baltimore	11.35 a m	11.25 p m
Ar New York	4.15 p m	6.30 a m

Train 40 leaving Hamlet at 8.10 a. m. takes passengers from train 31, leaving New York at 12.35 p. m.; Baltimore at 5.45 p. m.; Washington 7.00 p. m.; Richmond 10.37 p. m.; Portsmouth 3.50 p. m.; Norfolk 5.30 p. m.; Raleigh 4.15 a. m. arriving at Hamlet at 7.00 a. m. From train 38, leaving Atlanta 8.00 p. m.; Athens 11.23 p. m.; Chester 4.00 a. m.; Charlotte 4.50 a. m.; Monroe 5.40 a. m.; arriving Hamlet 7.00 a. m.

From train 66 leaving Jacksonville 3.05 p. m.; Savannah 12.10 p. m.; Columbia 3.55 a. m.; arriving Hamlet 8.05 a. m.

Through Pullman sleepers from Hamlet to all points North, South and Southwest.

For tickets, Pullman reservations, etc., apply to Thomas D. Meares, General Agent, Wilmington, N. C.

ap 16 tf

Seven Good Reasons

Why people should buy their Shoes of their home dealer, viz:

Because They can usually be fitted better.
Because They can buy as cheap or cheaper.
Because They can save transportation charges.
Because It inspires the home merchants to do better.
Because It is reciprocity in the true sense.
Because DOUGLAS and DUTTENHOFER SHOES are as good as can be made.
Because They can buy these goods only at

Mercer & Evans Co.,

jy 20 tf 115 Princess street.

Cotton Ties and Bagging

Are now the order of the day.

Don't make any contract until you get our prices. We offer, besides all kinds of

Heavy Groceries, Canned Goods, Grain, Hay, Nails, Lime and Cement.

Prices low for cash.

THE WORTH CO.,

jy 4 tf Wilmington, N. C.

New Goods.

FIRST PAT. FLOUR,

Second Pat. Flour,

Straight Flour.

RICE, SUGAR, COFFEE,

CANNED GOODS,

SOAP, STARCH, &c., &c.

Special attention to consignments.

S. P. McNAIR.

my 9 tf

Sandy Run Poultry Yards

W. D. HARRILL & CO., Prop.,

ELLENBORO, N. C.

Eggs for sale from prize winners of the following varieties:

Black Minorcas, Light Brahmas, Black Langshans, Buff, Brown and White Leghorns. Buff Plymouth Rocks, Partridge Wyandottes, R. I. Reds and S. S. Hamburgs. Won at High Point, N. C., every first prize competed for but two; won at Charleston, S. C., four first, second and third on ten entries.

Eggs—Leghorns, Plymouth Rocks, R. I. Reds and S. S. Hamburgs $1.50 for 15; Partridge Wyandottes $3.00 for 15; Langshans, Minorcas and Brahmas $5.00 for 15.

Write your wants or order from this advertisement. We will do you right. feb 26 tf

Atlantic Coast Line R. R. Co

Schedule in Effect May 25, 1902.

DEPARTURES FROM WILMINGTON.

DAILY except Sunday 6.00 A. M.—No. 51—Due Lake Waccamaw 7.10 A. M., Chadbourn, 7.41 A. M., Marion 8.45 A. M., Florence 9.25 A. M., Lanes 11 26 A. M., Charleston 1.10 P. M.

DAILY 9.10 A. M.—No. 53—Due Fayetteville A. M. 12.20 P. M., leaves Fayetteville 12.43 P. M., arrives Sanford 1.58 P. M.

DAILY 2.30 P. M.—No. 48—Due Magnolia 11.05 A. M., Warsaw 11.21 A. M., Goldsboro 12.21 P. M., Wilson 1.18 P. M., Rocky Mount 1.53 P. M., Tarboro 2.31 P. M. Weldon 4.55 P. M., Petersburg 6.46 P. M., Richmond 7.45 P. M., Norfolk 5.55 P. M., Washington 11.40 P. M., Baltimore 1.28 A. M., Philadelphia 4.06 A. M., New York 7.13 A. M., *Boston 3.30 P. M.

DAILY except Sunday 2.25 P. M.—No. 62—Due Jacksonville 4.12 P. M., Newbern 5.40 P. M.

DAILY 5.16 P. M.—No. 55—Due Lake Waccamaw 5.03 P. M., Chadbourn 5.40 P. M., Marion 6.55 P. M., Florence 8.15 P. M., Sumter 9.30 P. M., Columbia 10.55 P. M., Denmark 6.31A. M., Augusta 8.25 A. M. (Sun. 11.15 A. M.), Atlanta 12.35 P. M., Charleston 11.15 P. M., Savannah 2.00 A. M., Jacksonville 5.30 A. M., St. Augustine 10.50 A. M., Tampa 10.00 P. M.

DAILY 7.00 P. M.—No. 49—Due Magnolia 8.36 P. M., Warsaw 8.40 P. M., Goldsboro 9.37 P. M., Wilson 10.30 P. M., †Tarboro 9.34 A. M., Rocky Mount 11.23 P. M., Weldon 1.50 A. M., †Norfolk 1.00 P. M., Petersburg 3.35 A. M., Richmond 5.12 A. M., Washington 7.54 A. M., Baltimore 9.13 A. M., Philadelphia 11.33 A. M., New York 1.53 P. M., Boston 9.00 P. M.

ARRIVALS AT WILMINGTON.

DAILY No. 41—From North Richmond. 10.10 A. M. Wilson.

DAILY No. 63—From Newbern. 12.15 Noon.

DAILY No. 54—From Tampa, Jacksonville, 1.40 P. M. Charleston.

DAILY No. 49—From North Richmond. 6.00 P M Wilson.

DAILY No. 52—From Sanford. 7.30 P M Fayetteville.

DAILY except Sund'y No. 50—From Charleston 11.45 P M Florence.

PULLMAN Buffet Sleeping Cars; between Wilmington and Washington on trains Nos. 40 and 41.

W. J. CRAIG, Gen'l Passenger Agent.

T. M. EMERSON, Traffic Manager.
H. M. EMERSON, Assis't Traffic Manager.
jy 31 tf

How About That Tackle?

The blue birds are with us again. The streams and ponds are warming up. The fishermen should be looking up their outfits. Seeing if anything is wanted before the last minute.

As of old we are showing the finest things to tempt the fish kingdom and make the sport more sporty for the anglers.

Lines may be wanted; poles must be needed; hooks are very necessary, and in fact we have everything that is required to make a complete outfit.

To those that are interested in the sport, to those others that may not be so enthusiastic, we would consider it a favor to have all come in and look.

J. W. Murchison & Co.,

Dealers in Hardware, &c.,

ap 30 tf Orton Building.

Atlantic and North Carolina Railroad

Time Table No. 16.

To Take Effect Sunday, Oct. 21, 1900, at 12.01 A. M.

GOING EAST. Pass'g'r Trains Arrive	Leave	STATIONS.	GOING WEST. Pass'g'r Trains Arrive	Leave
P. M.	P. M.		A. M.	A. M.
.....	1 40	Goldsboro	11 05	.....
.....	4 22	Kinston	10 19	.....
5 40	5 50	Newbern	9 37	9 00
7 05	7 07	Morehead City	7 38	7 37
P. M.	P. M.		A. M.	A. M.

Train 4 connects with W. & W. train bound North, leaving Goldsboro at 11.25 A. M., and with Southern Railway train West, leaving Goldsboro 2.00 P. M., and with W. & N. at Newbern for Wilmington and intermediate points.

Train 3 connects with Southern Railway train, arriving at Goldsboro 1.00 P. M., and with W. & W. train from the North at 5.05 P. M. No. 1 train also connects with W. & N. for Wilmington and intermediate points.

oct 21 tf H. L. DILL, Sup't.

The Clyde Steamship Co.

New York, Wilmington, N. C., and Georgetown, S. C., Lines.

From New York for Wilmington.
SAGINAW ..... Saturday, Sept. 13
ONEIDA ..... Saturday, Sept. 20

From Wilmington for New York.
ONEIDA ..... Soturday, Sept. 13
SAGINAW ..... Saturday, Sept. 20

From Wilmington for Georgetown.
ONEIDA ..... Tuesday, Sept. 9
SAGINAW ..... Tuesday, Sept. 16

Steamship Oneida does not carry passengers.

Through Bills Lading and Lowest Through Rates guaranteed to and from points in North and South Carolina.

For freight and passage apply to

H. G. SMALLBONES, Supt., Wilmington, N. C.

THEO. G. EGER, General Manager, 19 State street, New York

sep 6 tf

The Morning Star.

WILMINGTON, N. C.

SATURDAY MORNING SEPT. 13

AGRICULTURAL DEPARTMENT.

Secretary Wilson Summarizes Agricultural Conditions—Cotton Boll Worm in Texas—Tobacco Fillers.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 12.—Secretary Wilson, who returned last night from a trip through the West, to-day summarized the agricultural conditions in the States he visited. These States included Nebraska, Kansas, Iowa, Illinois, Indiana and Ohio. He said there was a great abundance of crops generally in that region. "There will be a good corn crop," he said, "corn is substantially out of the way of the frost.

"I have just received from Texas," he said, "a report which states that experiments for the eradication of the Mexican cotton boll worm have demonstrated that this disastrous insect will not touch Egyptian cotton. The department has been experimenting with the raising of Egyptian cotton for several years with marked success. If this report proves to be true, it will undoubtedly result in the planting of Egyptian cotton in Texas in the future.

"What may be considered as another important step in agriculture is the progress the department is making in the development of a fine tobacco filler. Several years ago the department began its work in the tobacco industry by endeavoring to develop a wrapper tobacco of the finest quality. We are making these experiments in Ohio and Texas. In the development of filler tobacco attention only is paid to the aroma. This aroma is very often found in Havana tobacco, but not always, owing to the deterioration of the crop."

RED MEN'S GREAT COUNCIL.

Final Adjournment—Reports and Recommendations of Various Committees of the Council.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star

NORFOLK, VA., September 12.—The Great Council of Red Men of the United States which has been in session in this city for the past five days, adjourned this afternoon.

The committee on judiciary recommended that the great incohonee be given power to appoint such committees as he may see fit and that the law be amended providing for their mileage and per diem. The recommendation was adopted. The same committee reported on the grievance between West Virginia and Maryland that the representatives from the two States had held a conference and that it would be amicably adjusted.

The judiciary committee reported that in their opinion a male member of the degree of Pocahontas was not eligible to be elected as great keeper of a great council of the degree of Pocahontas. The recommendation was adopted.

The judiciary committee concurred in all dispensations granted and refused by the great incohonee.

The committee on Red Men's League recommended that hereafter no per capita be paid, and the whole report was adopted.

The finance committee presented a report refunding per capita tax to New Hampshire which was adopted. They also reported adversely to request of California for a $2,000 appropriation for a competitive drill.

WEDDED AT MULLINS, S. C.

Mr. John White Led to the Altar Miss May Williams, of Leland, N. C.

[*Special Star Correspondence.*]

MULLINS, S. C., September 12.—At the residence of Mr. and Mrs. J. J. Richardson, Tuesday evening at 7 o'clock, Mr. John White, a promising young man of Mullins, and head clerk in the large establishment of B. F. Penny & Co., led to the altar Miss May Williams, a charming and beautiful young lady of Leland, N. C., Rev. A. B. Watson officiating. The attendants were Mr. Whitman Smith with Miss Zula Huggins, Mr. Frank Gwin with Miss Ella McKay; Mr. Henry Williams with Miss Gertrude Fowler; Mr. B. Fowler with Miss Tempie Jones.

The bride wore a becoming gown of white silk. The bridesmaids wore becoming white organdie. After the ceremony a delightful supper was served to the guests. The bride and groom will make Mullins their home.

COMPARATIVE COTTON STATEMENT.

For the Week Ending Friday, September 12th, 1902.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, Sept. 12.—The following is the comparative cotton statement for the week ending September 12th, 1902:

	1902.	1901.
Net receipts at all U. S. ports during the week ...	153,485	60,639
Total receipts to this date	243,633	108,668
Exports for week..	98,474	50,457
Total exports to date	130,844	93,300
Stock in all U. S. ports.	246,457	222,708
Stock at all interior towns.....	95,801	135,505
Stock in Liverpool,	338,000	292,000
American afloat for Great Britain ...	40,000	62,000

TOTAL NET RECEIPTS OF COTTON.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, Sept. 12.—The following are the total net receipts of cotton at all ports since September 1th, 1902: Galveston, 90,668; New Orlesns, 33,947; Mobile, 4,237; Savannah, 64,984; Charleston, 14,248; Wilmington, 24,029; Norfolk, 7,792; Baltimore, 188; New York, 50; Boston, 39; Newport News, 1,252; San Francisco, 5,700. Total 243,633 bales.

She Didn't Wear a Mask.

But her beauty was completely hidden by sores, blotches and pimples till she used Bucklen's Arnica Salve. Then they vanish as will all Eruptions, Fever Sores, Boils, Ulcers, Carbuncles and Felons from its use. Infallible Cuts, Corns, Burns, Scalds and Piles. Cure garanteed. 25c at R. R. BELLAMY'S Drug Store. †

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

The Kind You Have Always Bought

Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher.

TEXAS OIL FIRE UNDER CONTROL.

Only Four Wells and Two Tanks Now Burning in the Field at Beaumont.

LOSS VARIOUSLY ESTIMATED.

From $75,000 to $250,000—About Thirty Derricks Destroyed—Fifteen Tanks Filled With Oil Burned Out. Pumping Plants Useless.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

BEAUMONT, TEXAS, Sept. 12.—At daylight this morning the fire in the oil field burned itself out, and to night there are four wells and two tanks burning. One of the wells is a big gusher, and it is thought much trouble will be experienced in extinguishing it. The smaller wells can be easily handled, as the fire is principally fed by gas.

The oil is being drawn from the tanks as rapidly as possible, and they will probably burn themselves out to-night. There is a breeze blowing, but it is sweeping across the field and toward the fire. Even if it changes, there will be little danger of further loss for the reason that the loose oil has all been burned off. There is a large force of workmen on the grounds and a spread of the fire can now be checked in its incipiency.

Preparations are going forward in the work of extinguishing the burning wells, and it is now believed that an effort will be made toward that end to-morrow.

The loss caused by the fire is variously estimated. The lowest figures by any one compstent to judge place the total loss at about $75,000. From this it ranges up to $250,000. So far as can be ascertained, about thirty derricks were destroyed. The loss on these was comparatively small; 15 tanks, some of them filled with oil were burned out and they will have to be repaired before they are again serviceable. Several pumping plants were put out of service and are rendered useless and in this lies the heaviest loss outside of the oil destroyed.

The fire was started by the carelessness of a workman, whose name has not yet been ascertained. He went into a tank which was partially filled with oil with a lighted lantern and there was an explosion of gas, which ignited the oil. The man escaped, though he is said to have been badly burned. The wood gusher had been left open and it was ignited within a few minutes, and before an alarm could be given to control the burning tank the flame leaped high in the air, the derrick caught fire and so did the oil which was standing around the well. The ignition was comparatively slow, but the fire once started spread rapidly over the Keith-Ward tract, which is on the outer edge of the field. Immense volumes of smoke were created and gave the impression that the area of the fire was much greater than it really was. The flames shot up through the smoke, forked and jagged, like lightning in some instances, and in great sheets in other portions of the field.

The ground was thoroughly soaked with oil and until this had been burned off the smoke obscured everything, even creating a fog like effect in the city four miles away. There was very little wind and this contributed to the safety of the rest of the field.

Almost the whole population of Beaumont rushed to the field, though there was nothing to be done there save to look at the fire.

Special trains were sent early in the morning from Port Arthur and Netherland with picked workmen to assist in smothering the flames, and these have been at work to-day chopping down derricks, coverings wells and draining away the loose oil that had not been reached by the fire. These men are at the field to-night keeping guard.

CONFESSED THE CRIME.

One of the Men Charged With Murdering Aged Couple Near Bronson, Fla.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

GAINESVILLE, FLA., September 12.—Theodore Smith, one of the parties in jail at Bronson charged with the murder of Mr. and Mrs. L. B. Lewis, has confessed his crime and implicated George Faircloth, who is in jail in this city. Smith and Faircloth used the shot-gun on the aged couple while he shot them with a rifle.

The other three men in jail at Bronson had nothing to do with the killing but were to have been parties to the robbery. Following the confession of Smith, Faircloth told his jailor that the confession was substantially correct. Smith will be brought to Gainesville to prevent lynching.

YOUNG LADY KILLED.

Thrown from a Buggy in a Runaway Accident at Petersburg, Va.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

PETERSBURG, VA., September 12.—Miss Virginia H. Lassiter, daughter of Dr. D. W. Lassiter and sister of Congressman Lassiter, of the Fourth Virginia district, was fatally wounded in a runaway accident this morning, and died a few hours afterwards. The young lady attempted to leap from the carriage when her dress was caught and she was thrown head foremost to the pavement, her head striking the railway track, fracturing the skull at the base of the brain. She was picked up in an unconscious state, bleeding from nose, mouth and ear, and died without recovering consciousness.

AUTOMOBILE ACCIDENT.

The Wife of Senator Stewart, of Nevada, Killed at Almeda, Cal.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

SAN FRANCISCO, Sept. 12.—Mrs. William M. Stewart, wife of the senior United States Senator from Nevada, was killed to-day at Almeda, Cal. Mrs. Stewart was riding in an automobile with Henry Foote and a young man named Taylor. Through an accident the machine ran into a telegraph pole. Mrs. Stewart was thrown against the pole with great force and was so seriously injured that death soon followed.

Colonel John G. Garnett, one of the most prominent Southerners in New York, a West Point graduate, colonel of artillery under General Robert E. Lee in the Confederate army, and a native of Virginia, was found dead in the Ross Hotel. He had committed suicide by taking carbolic acid.

What you pay for extracts is important, but what you get for your money is ten times more important. *Burnett's Vanilla* cost more because it is worth more.

WARSHIPS HAVE SAILED FOR THEIR DESTINATION.

Commander Potter of the Gunboat Ranger Reports Revolutionists Near the Railroad at Panama.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 12.—By noon to day the Navy Department had been advised that the two warships ordered to the scene of trouble on the isthmus of Panama had sailed for their destinations. A telegram was received from Rear Admiral Casey, commanding the Pacific station, stating that the big battleship Wisconsin left Bremerton to-day, and after taking on coal at San Francisco will resume her long voyage down the Pacific coast. With the same promptness which characterized his prompt hurrying to the scene of the terrible disaster at Martinique, Commander T. C. McLean, with the Cincinnati, had started for Colon within a few hours after the receipt of the Navy Department's orders, and cabled Secretary Moody to that effect this morning.

As a further indication that the vigorous efforts of the Navy Department to relieve the situation on the isthmus are none too early, the following cablegram was received from Commander Potter, who with his small gunboat, the Ranger, at Panama, has for the present the entire situation to look after:

"Received cipher message this morning, saying the revolutionists were near the railroad line. The situation is serious. Transit across the isthmus is still open

(Singned) "POTTER."

In view of the reports that political significance attaches to this latest dispatch of naval force to the isthmus of Panama, a statement was gained today from a highland unquestionable official source, to the effect that the protection of American interests and the enforcement of treaty guarantees are the only two considerations involved in the sending of additional warships to Panama and Colon.

The department has decided not to send the Panther with the battalion of marines to the isthmus unless Commander McLean upon the arrival of the Cincinnati at Colon, informs the department that the men are needed.

Rear Admiral Silas Casey, commander-in-chief of the Pacific station, will go down to Panama aboard the Wisconsin and take personal command of the naval forces upon his arrival there.

TIGHT SQUEEZE IN MONEY.

Price for Call Loans in New York Rose to Twenty Per Cent.—Effect on the Stock Market

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, Sept. 13—Wall street passed through a tight money squeeze to-day. Apprehensions of temporary stringency had been visible all the week, the average Stock Exchange rate on preceding days having been 8 per cent. or over. To day loans made on the Stock Exchange go over until Monday and there was much uneasiness over what to morrow's bank statement would show. Last Saturday the associated banks reported a surplus of only $4 000,000 over the required reserve.

Demand for call money on the Stock Exchange began earlier than usual this morning and there was a crowd of brokers on hand when it started off at 12 per cent. By early afternoon the rate had mounted to 15, under a very light supply, few of the local banks caring to make any official offerings. Out of town institutions again furnished most of the funds. Later still, the price for call loans rose to 20 per cent. The high price of money had its customary effect upon the stock market. Heavy all the afternoon, stocks broke more rapidly from 1 o'clock, on the publication of the figures covering the known movements of currency during the week serving to augument the declines.

BASEBALL.

Scores of Games Played Yesterday by the League Teams.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

Baltimore, 1; Washington, 15.
Boston, 5; Philadelphia, 4.

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

Philadelphia, 2; Pittsburg, 5
Brooklyn, 5; Cincinnati, 4.

SOUTHERN LEAGUE.

Little Rock, 6; Nashville, 5.
Shreveport, 3; Atlanta, 4.
New Orleans, 4; Birmingham, 5.
Memphis - Chattanoga, postponed; rain.

WARM WIRELETS

Philadelphia Jack Ryan was given the decision over Billy Stift, of Chicago, at the end of a warm six-round contest in Chicago last night.

Total bank clearings for the week ended September 11 are $3,446,723,883; increase, 18.6 per cent. Outside New York, $769,945,345; increase, 8 9 per cent.

The Postoffice Department has been notified that the postoffice at Clemson College, S. C., was broken into Thursday night and the safe blown open and robbed.

Mr. C. A. Woods, of Marion, S. C., has been elected president of South Carolina College. The nomination was unexpected to him, but will probably be accepted.

A London dispatch says that Wm. Waldorf Astor's daughter Gwendoline died of consumption yesterday morning at Cliveden. Her body will be taken to New York for burial. She was nine years old.

Fire at Sonora, Sutton county, Texas, destroyed an entire business block with an estimated loss of $100,000. The insurance is said to have been less than $35,000.

Spontaneous combustion was responsible for a fire in the plant of the Hubbard Fertilizing Company at Canton, Md., last night, which caused a loss of $100,000.

Seven persons are reported dead in the Kiamtis, Indian Territory, from inhaling Paris Green, which had been applied to worm-infested cotton plants. Owing to dry weather it is supposed the poison in the form of dust was absorbed by the victims—four men and three women—who were at work in the field.

— She—Yes. I'll go if you'll promise not to get impatient while I'm dressing. You always seem to think that my appearance is a matter of no comment. He—On the contrary, my dear, it is usually a matter of a great many.—*Brooklyn Life.*

The Best Prescription for Malaria

Chills and Fevers is a bottle of Grove's Tasteless Chill Tonic. It is simply iron and quinine in a tasteless form. No cure, no pay. Price. 50c. sa tu th

DEVASTATING FOREST FIRES.

Sweeping the Pacific Coast from British Columbia to the California Line.

MANY LIVES ENDANGERED.

Farm Houses, Lumber Mills and Millions of Feet of Timber Destroyed—Scores of People Missing—Town of Mitlock in Great Danger.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

PORTLAND, ORE., Sept. 12.—Forest fires are burning over the Cascade and Coast ranges, from British Columbia to the California line, destroying millions of feet of timber, many farm houses, barns and live stock. Two people are known to have lost their lives, others are missing, and scores are hurrying to places of safety.

At Vridal Veil, Ore., to-day, the Palmer saw mill and the Brewer mill were burned. Elsie Palmer, proprietor of the Palmer mill, was burned to death, and a man named Trickery is missing. About forty mill hands are in danger of being surrounded by fire.

On Mill Plain, near Vancover, eight farm houses were destroyed to-day and Mrs. Hendricksen and her two children are missing.

Forest fires of the most severe nature are pressing upon every side. Every team is being pressed into service to take people to places of safety. The water supply is cut off by the burning of the mains, but every effort is being made to protect mill property.

Word cannot be received from Elm or Aberdeen, the wires to those points being down. It is known however, that six large lumber mills and ten houses have been burned about six miles south of Elm.

Many similar reports are being received from Washington points. The last report from Shelton at noon, was to the effect that nearly all the mills in Mason county were on fire. The town of Mitlock, that county, was in imminent danger when last heard from and timber one hundred feet high was burning.

Sixteen miles from Olympia, the Bordeaux string of camps in the Black Hill district are in great danger. Forty men on horseback have gone to rescue women and children.

In Tacoma a heavy darkness settled down. Boats could not pass the Narrows on account of darkness. At Olympia the electric light plant shut down and at noon it was as black as night.

Church Notices.

Services in St. James' Church, sixteenth Sunday after Trinity: Holy communion 7.45. Morning service and sermon 11 o'clock. Evening prayer, 5:30 o'clock.

First Baptist Church: 11 A. M. Dr. Brown, of Philadelphia, will preach. At 8 P. M. Dr. Blackwell, the pastor, will preach. Subject: "A sermon the gallows."

St. Andrew's Presbyterian Church, corner Fourth and Campbell streets, Rev. Alex. D. McClure, D. D., pastor. Divine services at 11 A. M. and 8 P. M. Sabbath School at 4.00 P. M. Prayer meeting and lecture Wednesday at 8.15 P. M. The public invited. Seats free.

Bladen Street Methodist Church: Rev. Geo. B. Webster, pastor. Services at 11 A. M. and 7:30 P. M. Sabbath School 3:30 P. M. Prayer service every Wednesday at 7:30 P. M. A cordial welcome extended to all.

Grace M. E. Church, corner of Grace and Fourth streets. Pastor, Rev. J. N. Cole. Services Sunday at 11 o'clock a. m. and 8.00 p. m. Sunday School, W. B. Cooper, supt., 4.30 p. m. Weekly prayer meeting Wednesday at 8.00 p. m A cordial welcome to all. Visitors to the city especially invited. Seats free.

Fifth Street Methodist Church, situated on Fifth street between Nun and Church, Rev. John H. Hall, pastor. Services on Sunday at 11 A. M. and 6.00 P. M. Prayer meeting Wednesday evening at 7.30 o'clock. Sunday School Sunday afternoon at 3.00 o'clock. A cordial invitation extended to all.

Chapel of the Good Shepherd, Sixth and Queen streets. There will be services every Sunday night at 8 o'clock. Sunday School at 3.30 P. M.

Southside Baptist Church, Rev. C. B. Paul, pastor. Services at 11 A. M. and 8:00 P. M.

Brooklyn Baptist Church, corner Fourth and Brunswick Sts. Rev. J. L. Vipperman, pastor. Services to-morrow at 11 A. M. and 8 P. M. Sunday School at 3.30 P. M. Weekly prayer and praise meeting Wednesday at 8 P. M. Strangers and visitors are cordially invited to all services.

BUSINESS LOCALS.

☞ NOTICES For Rent or Sale, Lost or Found, Wants, and other short Miscellaneous Advertisements inserted in this Department, in solid Nonpariel Type, for 1 cent per word each insertion; but no advertisement taken for less than 30 cents. Terms positively cash in advance.

For Sale—One good sound horse. Good for family use or wagon. Also one rubber-tired buggy. Address A., care STAR. sep 13 1t*

Wanted—All round newspaper and job printer, capable of taking charge of the mechanical department of country office. Must be sober and reliable. Apply to-day between 10 and 11 A. M. at Orton House, or after to-day at Laurinburg, N. C. J. P. Wiggins. sep 13 1t

Wanted—For one or more months a room in which to store household furniture. Give full particulars and terms. Address Box 95, Southport, N. C. sep 13 2t*

Wanted—Two good reliable men to sell teas, coffees, spices, etc., in Wilmington and vicinity. Address Grand Union Tea Co., 3019 Washington Ave., Newport News, Va. 13 3t

Wanted—Competent young lady bookkeeper wants position. Good references. Address A., care STAR. sep 11 2w*

For Rent—The new house now building on Ninth street, between Market and Princess, eight rooms, modern conveniences. Also two stores on Market street and a house on Fourth street, near Nun, and one on Church near Front. W. M. Cumming, Real Estate and Notary. sep 11 3t

For Sale—(Part cash) two-story house on Electric car line, Tenth street near Chesnut. Price $800. Also building lot on Fourth street, between Nun and Church $300. Also two-story house on large lot Sixth street, between Chesnut and Mulberry streets. W. M. Cumming, Real Estate and Notary. sep 11 3t

Removal—Dr. M. H. P. Clark, Dental Surgeon, is now located in his new office in the new Murchison National Bank building, on Front and Chesnut streets. sep 6 1w

Wanted—An experienced Drug Clerk, well recommended. Address at once Pharmacy, care STAR. sep 3 tf

Figs, Figs, Figs—Fine lot of Figs just received. Also, other fruits and vegetables. Weatbrook & Bardin, new "Dispatch" building, Market street. au 30 tf

For Rent—From October 1st, three-story building No. 108 Market street, at present occupied by Mr. I. L. Greenewald, the well known "shoe man." Also, store No. 114 Market street, at present occupied by Messrs. B. F. Penny & Co., clothiers and gents' furnishers. Both stores are situated on the south side of Market street, near the S. E. corner of Market and Front; one of the best business locations in the city, suitable for any kind of business. Plate glass fronts. Terms reasonable. Apply to B. H. J. Ahrens. jy 15 1f

Notice—Call up A. S. Winstead for fresh vegetables, Berries, Peaches, Eggs, Butter, Lemons, Bananas, &c. I will do my best to please all. Bell 'Phone 203; Inter-State 'Phone 229. A. S. Winstead, No, 213 Market street. je 13 tf

For Sale—Berkshire Pigs and Brown Leghorn Chickens. The very best. Can furnish first-prize Sow Pig for next State Fair. L. L. Seller, Wilmington, N. C. je 8 3m

Sewing Machines, Typewriters, Organs and Furniture repaired, cleaned and revarnished; Upholstering done also. H. J. Grunman's headquarters for Wall Paper. J. B. Farrar, No. 8¼ North Second street. my 16 tf

FOR RENT,

Stores, Dwellings, Offices, &c.

au 22 tf D. O'CONNOR

THE OLD RELIABLE.

We are well supplied with competent barbers now; but we can accommodate a few more customers to whom we guarantee the very best attention. Call at the old Prempert headquarters.

sep 9 tf GUION & DAVIS, 7 South Front St.

Rehder's Rehder's

SPLENDID SHOWING OF

Fall and Winter Dress Goods.

The newest things in Dress Goods are with us, including the beautiful Silk and Cotton Velvet cords.

GRANITE CLOTHS,	SHARKSKINS,
VENETIAN CLOTHS,	BROADCLOTHS,
ARMURE CLOTHS,	MOHAIR ARMURE,
FANCY POPLIN,	CHEVIOTS,
BASKET CLOTHS AND	SATIN PRUNELLA.
THIBET CLOTH.	

Special prices the next 10 days

J. H. REHDER & CO,

615, 617 and 619 North Fourth Street.

Car fare paid on purchases of $2.00 worth and over. sep 7 tf

Quick Sellers

AT POPULAR PRICES.

We refer to a lot of heavy and medium weight Skirtings in Black, and also in colors, just in. Also a fine assortment of NEW

GINGHAMS FOR FALL AND EARLY WINTER.

As we claim this Store to be the center of new and fashionable goods

we can with confidence ask a careful inspection in all the lines we carry.

SPEAKING OF CARPETS!

Our line of these goods is complete, with all sizes of Rugs to match.

MATTINGS—New, pretty and cheap.

"American Lady" and "Her Majesty" Corsets are great favorites with many of our customers.

Butterick Patterns, which are regarded the best on the market.

Respectfully,

A. D. BROWN.

sep 7 tf

FOR RENT

A few desirable rooms in building No. 16 Princess street, formerly occupied by the Atlantic National Bank. These rooms are very desirable for office use or living apartments. Apply to the

ATLANTIC NATIONAL BANK.

fep 13 1t

Like Many Others.

I love Wilmington, know our people to be the most hospitable in the world, know the climate the most salubrious on the face of the earth, and as a believer in her future prosperity have ever been a most earnest worker for everything that would tend to the up-building of our city in every way, shape and form. That we are on the upward stretch none can deny. The many new and handsome business houses and residences that have been erected within the past few years are substantial and self evident proofs of this assertion, but there is one very material thing lacking—UNITY OF THOUGHT, PURPOSE AND ACTION.

Atlanta, the most progressive city in the South, reached her present magnificent proportions simply because every one of her people from the little negro bootblack to the retired Merchant Prince always THINK, SPEAK AND ACT as if everything made, or sold in Atlanta is the best in the world.

Let us do likewise, and with her natural advantages it will be only a few years before our city will have doubled her population and taken rank with the leading cities in the South.

N. F. PARKER,

Furniture and Furniture Novelties, 111 Market St

Bell 'Phone 613. Inter-State 421.

sep 12 tf D&W

Commissioner's Sale of Real Estate.

By virtue of a decree of the Superior Court of New Hanover county, made in the case of D. L. Gore vs. George T. Johnson, et al., the undersigned will expose for sale, to the highest bidder for cash, at the door of the Court House, of New Hanover county, on Monday, the 6th day of October, 1902, at 12 o'clock M., the following described pieces or parcels of land, to-wit: 1st tract: Beginning at W. Ritter's northeast corner, on the Duplin road, and runs thence with said Ritter's line south 83 degrees and 45 minutes west 1,749 feet to his his northwest corner, thence with Ritter's west line south 30 degrees east 449 and ½ feet to Chadwick's northern line, thence south 88 degrees and 45 minutes west with said Chadwick's line to the rice fields 2,674 feet; thence northwardly with the edge of the rice field 659 feet, to a stake; thence north 83 degrees and 45 minutes 4,600 feet, to the Duplin road; thence south 30 minutes east, with said road 215 feet, to the beginning, containing 50 and 31-100 acres, more or less. 2nd tract: Bounded on the northwest and south by the lands of W. F. Potter, formerly S. M. West land; beginning on the Duplin road at a stake at a corner of said Potter's, formerly West's line, running with his line south 82 degrees west 106 poles; thence Potter's line, formerly West's line, southwardly 25 poles; thence another line, West's formerly, now Potter's, north 83 degrees east 106 poles, to the main road; thence north, with said road, to the beginning, containing 17 acres.

This 29th day of August, 1902.

A. H. DUNNING, Commissioner.

RUSSELL & GORE, E. K. BRYAN, Attorneys. an 31 t d s

Recent Popular Books.

Ranson's Folly, Dorothy South, None But the Brave, by Loir Hill, Heart's Courageous, In the Eagle's Talon, The Mississippi Bubble, The Spenders, Miss Petticoats, Heralds of an Empire, The Leopard's Spots, Armor Victors, Dorothy Vernon, The Battle Ground, A Girl of Virginia, The Conqueror.

We have all of the above for sale and in our Circulating Library.

ROBERT C. DeROSSET,

au 10 tf 107 Market St.

We Keep

Amolin Deodorant Powder and Amolin Soap and Tooth Paste. Purified Talcum in bulk, 25c a pound. Pearls of Violet Borated Talcum, an elegant perfumed Talcum. Don't forget to get one of those Hold-fast Bath Sprays. They are fine.

J. H. HARDIN'S

Palace Pharmacy.

au 23 tf

A NEW LINE HALL RACKS.

Enamel Beds, in colors.

Leather Seat Diners, Extension Tables.

Our Hammocks and Go-Carts this week 20 per cent. off regular price.

See us if you want Furniture of any kind. Our prices will suit you.

GASTON D. PHARES & CO.

Inter-State 'Phone 76. 110-112 Market street. au 3 tf

I Offer to the Trade

Penny Candies, all styles; Broken Stick Candy, Smoked Herring, Cakes and Crackers, Sardines, Potted Ham, Rice, all grades of Molasses, and complete line of Groceries. Prices and samples furnished on application. Merchants visiting the city will do well to inspect my stock.

SAM'L BEAR, Sr.,

Wilmington, N. C.

apr 27 tf 18 Market Street.

TEXAS R. P. OATS.

1,268 Bushels R. P. Oats.
1,013 Bushels Feed Oats.
115 Boxes Broken Candy.
168 Boxes Summer Candy.
93 Boxes Plain Candy.
317 Tubs Mixed Candy.
110 Barrels Candy (from factory).
271 Martin's Cheese.
34 Tubs Martin's Butter.
26 Boxes Uneda Biscuit.
21 Boxes Zu Zu Snaps.

W. B. COOPER,

Wholesale Grocer,

au 31 tf Wilmington, N. C.

CUT FLOWERS

For Wedding Parties, Receptions, &c.

Fine assortment Dahlias, Cannas and Tuberoses.

Nice Boxes 50c and $1.00.

A Beautiful Present. Special attention to mail orders. Ask for our price list of Bulbs. Low express rates. Satisfaction guaranteed.

THE H. E. NEWBURY CO.,

sep 6 tf Magnolia, N. C

Winter Turf Oats and Seed Rye.

300 bushels best Winter Turf Oats for Seed.
100 bushels Seed Rye
100 bushels Seed Wheat.
3,000 bushels Texas Red Rust Proof Oats. Also
100 car loads of other goods.
25 barrels new catch Mullets.

Buyers should get our prices before purchasing.

D. L. CORE CO.,

118 to 124 North Water Street,

sep 9 tf Wilmington, N. C.

At The Unlucky Corner

A Cup of Coffee Made With "Astoria Blend"

will keep peace and harmony. A good thing to go along with a rasher of Bacon cut from one of the Premium Stripe.

Make a pan of Rolls with "Mystery" Flour, top it off with "Fox River" Butter and all will go well. Try this once, you'll want no other and cry for more.

S. W. Sanders.

sep 10 tf

THE BARGAIN HUNTER!

The Hustling Proprietor of

Wilmington's Big Racket Store

Has gone to New York, taking with him his head Milliner, Miss Alma Brown.

With his knowledge of values and experience in buying, and with her taste and judgment in selecting the most up-to-date and newest things, we propose to bring to Wilmington the most complete stock of everything in the Dry Goods and Millinery line that has ever been seen in this city.

While Mr. Gaylord has gone North he wants his many customers to remember that his large store never runs short of goods; we keep our stock supplied every day.

In new Fall goods we are showing a nice line of silver fleece flannels for wrappers and dressing sacques. They are special 10c values; we are starting the season on them at 8c. A nice line of vestings at 5c per yard; 36-inch wide sacking flannels, worth 15c, for 8c per yard; 5,000 yards Rockingham homespun, heavy weight and yard wide, for 5c per yard; one case fine yard wide bleaching for 5c per yard.

In our Dress-making and Tailoring department we are taking orders for skirts and suits.

We sell you the cloth and material for a skirt and make it to order for $1; will sell you the cloth and trimmings for a suit and make it to order for $2.50; we guarantee a fit or no sale.

We sell nice made up skirts for $1.50; we have ready made suits for $4, $5, $6 and $7.50 each.

In our Dress Goods Department we have lots of nice serge cloth worsted and fancy goods. Our dress goods stock we claim and will stand by it is the largest stock of its kind in the city. It represents the largest and most variety.

Our Shoe Department is getting to be very popular. Our shoe trade increases daily. In this department we bend all our efforts to give you the best goods for the least money; we sell several different standard makes that no other house here handles, and every shoe in each line is warranted to be solid in every particular. If our shoes are not what they are represented we make them satisfactory to our customers by giving them a new pair in the place.

Just received a full line of floor Oil Cloths, Mattings and Rugs, Art Squares and Window Shades, and Lace Curtains. Housekeepers will do themselves good to look at our line.

Do you need a Trunk? If you are thinking of buying a trunk come and see our line—prices are from 25c up to $8.

We have a new line of Mattings from 10c to 25c—all kinds and prices.

Do you hear that mosquito buzzing? he is only waiting for you to go to sleep. Gaylord sells nets. The Perfection for $1.50 each. Netting 45c a bolt.

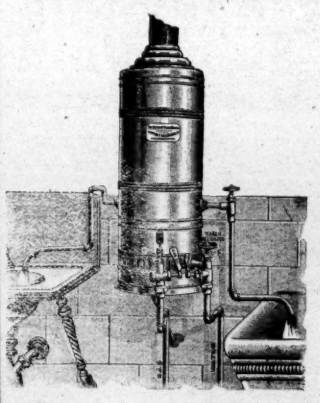
We have bargains and we want to sell them Come and see us and get your card punched with cash purchase.

The Big Racket Store

GEO. O. GAYLORD, PROPRIETOR.

au 23 tf

THE GREATEST OF LUXURIES!



Instantaneous Water Heater,

Operated with Gas.

HEATS THE WATER Instantly.

With one of these Heaters you can get hot water at any time of the day or night at a moment's notice.

Will heat water enough for a bath at a cost of two cents.

Easily operated. Call and see them.

Consolidated Railways, Light and Power Co.

sep 11 tf

WILMINGTON NEVER LOOKED BETTER!

NEITHER HAS OUR STOCK OF FURNITURE.

Our floors are full of all grades of Furniture.

PRICES ARE RIGHT.

Terms cash or will sell you on convenient installments. See us before you buy and you will go no further.

On sale the coming week those leather seat Rockers in Oak and Mahogany at $1.50.

Any kind of Mattress made and renovated.

THE SNEED CO.,

sep 7 tf Second and Market Streets.

CHOOSING A BANK.

In looking about for a bank to receive your money, you want to find a safe bank, a convenient bank, an accommodating bank. We want you to consider this bank along those lines. Satisfy yourself about the soundness and reliability of this institution (the largest and strongest savings bank in North Carolina)—then come in and open an account. We pay 4 per cent. per annum, compounded quarterly, on deposits of $5 and upwards. All deposits subject to check without notice.

The Wilmington Savings & Trust Company,

108 Princess Street.

J. W. NORWOOD, President. H. WALTERS, Vice President.

sep 10 tf C. S. TAYLOR, Jr., Cashier.

Your Money Is Safe

Only when it is safely invested. Burglars can annoy you; bad loans may cripple you; speculation may ruin you. THE PEOPLE'S SAVINGS BANK is safe because it is governed on a conservative basis. It holds your money where you can get it quickly, and without danger of loss. We pay 4 per cent. interest, compounded quarterly.

The People's Savings Bank,

Opposite the Postoffice,

H. C. McQUEEN, President. JNO. S. ARMSTRONG, Vice President.

sep 11 tf F. W. DICK, Cashier.

NOW'S THE TIME

It's the proper time to make your purchase of

Matting and Carpets

When you can get them cheap. We have just received a new lot of these goods and respectfully invite you down to make a selection.

S. & B. SOLOMON.

sep 12 tf